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=> fil ca; act a658811a1/a COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.42 0.42

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Apr 2005 (20050407/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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            315) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ISOPROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "ISOPROPYL 2
L2
           6017)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER L"/CRN OR "AGEFLEX FM 246"/CRN OR
L3
    (
           4230) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER S"/CRN OR "BLEMMER SMA"/CRN OR "L
            519) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ENT 8767"/CRN OR "N-OCTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN
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L5
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L7
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          97008) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 80-62-6/CRN OR 97-63-2/CRN OR L1 OR 88-12-0/C
L11 (
          92191)SEA FILE=REGISTRY 141-32-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR L2 OR 106-91-2
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L13 (
          17116) SEA FILE=REGISTRY L13 AND L11 AND L12 AND PMS/CI
L14 (
L15 (
          14247) SEA FILE=CA L14
L16
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=> act a658811/a
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L25 (
L26 (
           848) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (BUTOXYETHENE/CRN OR BUTOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "B
          97008) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 80-62-6/CRN OR 97-63-2/CRN OR L17 OR 88-12-0/
1,27 (
          92191) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 141-32-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR L18 OR 106-91-
L28 (
          94944) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 79-41-4/CRN OR 79-10-7/CRN OR 140-10-3/CRN OR
L29 (
L30 (
          17116) SEA FILE=REGISTRY L29 AND L27 AND L28 AND PMS/CI
L31
          14247 SEA FILE=CA L30
=> s 131 and (glycidyl or epoxy or oxirane)
         40595 GLYCIDYL
        214571 EPOXY
         17555 OXIRANE
L32
          3617 L31 AND (GLYCIDYL OR EPOXY OR OXIRANE)
=> s 132 and toner
         29950 TONER
            84 L32 AND TONER
L33
=> s 133 not (liquid (2w) (toner# or develop?))
        630916 LIQUID
         31322 TONER#
       2022478 DEVELOP?
```

2655 LIQUID (2W) (TONER# OR DEVELOP?) 48 L33 NOT (LIQUID (2W) (TONER# OR DEVELOP?)) L34 => s 134 and electrophotog? 63903 ELECTROPHOTOG? 44 L34 AND ELECTROPHOTOG? L35 => d fbib kwic 30-44; fil stnguide L35 ANSWER 30 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text MΑ 120:334854 CA Electrophotographic color transfer imaging method ΤI Kato, Eiichi; Oosawa, Sadao IN Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan PΑ Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 63 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DTPatent Japanese LA FAN.CNT 2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----_____ _____ JP 05181324 A2 19930723 JP 1991-358228 19911227 JP 3180967 B2 20010703 DE 4294542 T 19941201 DE 1992-4294542 19921225 A 19911227 JP 1991-358228 A 19911227 JP 1991-358232 W 19921225 WO 1992-JP1715 Α US 1994-256185 US 6004716 19991221 19940627 A 19911227 JP 1991-358228 A 19911227 JP 1991-358232 WO 1992-JP1715 W 19921225 PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION: FAN 121:121637 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ______ ---------PΙ JP 05181325 A2 19930723 JP 1991-358232 19911227 DE 4294542 Т 19941201 DE 1992-4294542 19921225 JP 1991-358228 A 19911227 JP 1991-358232 A 19911227 W 19921225 WO 1992-JP1715 A US 6004716 19991221 US 1994-256185 19940627 JP 1991-358228 A 19911227 JP 1991-358232 A 19911227 W 19921225 WO 1992-JP1715 TI Electrophotographic color transfer imaging method In an electrophotog. transfer imaging method utilizing an AB electrophotog. photoreceptor, a means for electrophotog. producing a color toner image on a transfer layer present on the electrophotog. photoreceptor, and a means for thermally transferring the toner image -bearing transfer layer to a receptor sheet, the photoreceptor has a surface layer based on either a polymer component contg. Si and(or) F or amorphous Si, and the above transferable layer is obtained by electrocoating the photoreceptor surface with particles of a thermoplastic resin to effect film formation. Since the toner image transfer is effected following wet development by transferring the toner image intact with the transfer layer, precise high quality images can be obtained free of color slippage. electrophotog color transfer imaging; photoreceptor electrophotog ST surface layer TT Electrophotographic photoconductors and photoreceptors

(for transferable toner image formation)

```
IΤ
    Electrophotography, color
       (transfer, peelable transfer film using)
    9011-14-7D, Methyl methacrylate homopolymer, copolymer with
IT
    dimethylsiloxane macromonomer
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (electrophotog. photoreceptor surface layer contg.)
TТ
    79-41-4DP, fluoroalkyl ester, block copolymer with Et and glycidyl
    methacrylates 97-63-2DP, Ethyl methacrylate, block copolymer with
    glycidyl and fluoroalkyl methacrylates 106-91-2DP, block
    copolymer with Et and fluoroalkyl methacrylates 26936-24-3DP,
    Methacrylic acidmethyl acrylatemethyl methacrylate copolymer,
    methylsiloxy-terminated 144541-84-4P 150624-67-2P 150625-19-7P
    150642-22-1P 155292-83-4P 155292-84-5P 155292-85-6P 155292-86-7P
    155292-87-8P 155292-88-9P
                                155292-90-3P
                                              155292-91-4P 155292-92-5P
    155292-93-6P 155292-94-7P 155293-26-8P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
       (prepn. of, surface layer for electrophotog. photoreceptor
       contg.)
IT
    144541-84-4P 150625-01-7P 150625-03-9P 150625-22-2P 150642-24-3P
    155292-96-9P 155292-98-1P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, surface layer material for electrophotog.
       photoreceptor)
    155292-99-2 155293-00-8 155293-01-9
IT
                                           155293-02-0
    155293-05-3 155293-06-4 155293-07-5
                                            155293-08-6 155293-10-0
    155293-11-1 155293-13-3 155293-15-5 155293-16-6
    155293-18-8 155293-19-9 155293-20-2 155293-22-4 155293-23-5
    155293-24-6 155293-27-9 155330-29-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (resin particles, electrophotog. photoreceptor surface layer
       contq.)
    150624-89-8
TT
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (star, dithiocarbamate-initiated, electrophotog. photoreceptor
       surface layer contq.)
    9004-48-2 9015-12-7, Cellidor Bsp 25068-26-2, 4-Methylpentene
TT
    homopolymer 27043-73-8, Poly(decamethylene terephthalate) 27055-32-9,
    Poly(decamethylene terephthalate) 59199-92-7, Poly(decamethylene
    isophthalate) 66837-11-4, Poly(pentamethylene carbonate)
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (thermoplastic resin, electrophotog. photoreceptor surface
       layer from)
L35 ANSWER 31 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
AN 118:180089 CA
    Blanks for electrophotographic platemaking
    Kato, Eiichi; Osawa, Sadao
IN
    Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DТ
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
                                                              -----
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                                         -----
                                                             19901130
PΙ
    JP 04204739
                              19920727
                       A2
                                         JP 1990-336806
                                         JP 1990-336806
                                                              19901130
TТ
    Blanks for electrophotographic platemaking
    In the title blank for electrophotog. platemaking comprising an elec.
    conductive support coated with a photoconductive layer composed of a
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photoconductor and a binder resin and used to prep. a printing plate by

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developing an electrophotog. toner image and removing the
    photoconductor layer from the nonimage-bearing regions, the above binder
     is a graft copolymer (wt. av. mol. wt. 1 \times 103-1 \times 105). The
    above graft copolymer is obtained from a monofunctional macromonomer (wt.
    av. mol. wt. \leq2 x 104) having at 1 end only of the polymer
    chain the structural component CHal:Ca2A° [A° = CO2, OCO,
    CH2O, CO, CH2CO2, O, SO2, CO, CONHCO, CONHCONH, CONHCONH, etc.; a1, a2 =
    H, halo, CN, hydrocarbon moiety, CO2D1, hydrocarbon interposed CO2D1 (D1 =
    H, hydrocarbon moiety)] and contg. CHblCb2(A1-B°) or CHblCb2B1 [A1
    = same as A^{\circ} above; B^{\circ} = C1-18 aliph. or C6-12 arom.; b1, b2
    = same as a1, a2 above; B1 = CN, CONH2, substituted phenyl], and ≥1
    acid group selected from acid anhydride-contg. groups as members of the
    main polymer chain. The above macromonomer is allowed to react with
    CHcl:ML2(A2-B2) [A2 = same as A1 above; B2 = same as B° above; c1,
     c2 = same as al, a2 above] and a monofunctional monomer contq. PO3H2,
    SO3H, CO2H, phenolic OH, P(O) (OH) R° (R° = hydrocarbon or
    oxyhydrocarbon), or cyclic acid anhydride to obtain the above graft
    copolymer binder resin. The blank shows superior optical response and
    gives printing plates with good printing characteristics.
    electrophotog printing plate blanks binder; acrylic binder
     electrophotog printing plate
    Acrylic polymers, uses
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (binder resin, for electrophotog. printing plates)
    Printing plates
        (manuf. of, electrophotog. blanks for, acrylic binder for)
IT 146878-67-3P 146878-68-4P 146878-69-5P 146925-48-6P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as binder resin for electrophotog. printing
       plate)
    139676-55-4DP, Benzyl methacrylate-2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl methacrylate
    telomer with 2-aminoethylmercaptan, acrylamide 139711-59-4DP,
    carboxy-terminated, ester with glycidyl methacrylate, photolysis
    product 141348-47-2P 141348-87-0P, Ethylmethacrylate-2-
    hydroxyethylmethacrylate telomer with thioglycolic acid
    2-hydroxy-3-methacryloyloxypropyl ester 147013-21-6DP, hydrolysis
    product
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as macromonomer)
L35 ANSWER 32 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
    118:103762 CA
    Dispersions of acrylate polymers in nonaqueous solvents and their
    manufacture
    Emoto, Shigeru
    Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
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                                -----
                                           ------
    JP 04198351
                                19920717
                         A2
                                           JP 1990-326296
                                                                  19901128
                                           JP 1990-326296
    The title dispersions, having good storage stability and useful in the
    prepn. of electrophotog. toners, coatings compns., etc., comprise
    copolymers of monomers H2C:CR1X (R1 = H, Me; X = O2CR2, CO2R2; R2 = C6-20
```

alkyl), unsatd. monomers contg. glycidyl and carboxy groups, and,

silicone oils. Reacting pyridine with an allyl methacrylate-Et

optionally, alkenyl (meth) acrylates dispersed in aliph. hydrocarbon and/or

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AB

methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-stearyl methacrylate graft copolymer in isodecane gave a dispersion (av. particle size 0.1-0.15 $\mu m)$ which was used with carbon black in an electrophotog. toner.

ST methacrylate copolymer nonaq dispersion; allyl methacrylate copolymer dispersion; glycidyl methacrylate copolymer dispersion; methacrylic acid copolymer dispersion; acrylate copolymer nonaq dispersion; electrophotog toner polyacrylate nonaq dispersion; coating polyacrylate nonaq dispersion Polymerization

(dispersion, of (meth)acrylates in nonaq. solvents, for electrophotog. toners and coatings)

IT Electrophotographic developers

(toners, acrylate polymer dispersions in nonaq. solvents for)

IT 63832-50-8D, reaction products with pyridine 146163-79-3D, reaction products with pyridine 146163-80-6D, reaction products with pyridine 146226-84-8D, reaction products with pyridine

RL: PROC (Process)

(dispersion of, in nonaq. solvent, for electrophotog. toner)

L35 ANSWER 33 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- AN 115:82205 CA
- TI A resin composition for toners and a toner containing the same
- IN Matusunaga, Takayosi; Tanaka, Susumu; Kosaka, Yoshiyuki; Suzuki, Tatsuo; Okudo, Masazumi
- PA Sekisui Chemical Co. Ltd., Japan
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN. CNT 1

ΡI	EP 412712					
	EP 412712 R: DE, FR, GB	A1 B1	19910213 19950628	EP 1990-308444	_	19900731
	•			JP 1989-199549	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-199550	A	19890731
				JP 1989-199551	A	19890731
				JP 1989-255819	Α	19890930
				JP 1989-340467	Α	19891226
	JP 03063661	A2	19910319	JP 1989-199549		19890731
	JP 2770991	B2	19980702			
	JP 03063662	A2	19910319	JP 1989-199550		19890731
	JP 03063663	A2	19910319	JP 1989-199551		19890731
	JP 2510291	B2	19960626			
	JP 03118552	A2	19910521	JP 1989-255819		19890930
	JP 2578218	B2	19970205			
	JP 03197969	A2	19910829	JP 1989-340467		19891226
	JP 2578230	B2	19970205			
	CA 2022283	AA	19910201	CA 1990-2022283		19900730
				JP 1989-199549	A	19890731
				JP 1989-199550	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-199551	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-255819	A	19890930
	/)			JP 1989-340467	Α	19891226
	US 5262265	A	19931116	US 1993-2101		19930108
(JP 1989-199549	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-199550	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-199551	Α	19890731
				JP 1989-255819	A	19890930
				JP 1989-340467	Α	19891226

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US 1990-559286
                                                         B1 19900730
                                      US 1995-384806
US 5492787
                    Α
                          19960220
                                                            19950206
                                      JP 1989-199549
                                                         A 19890731
                                      JP 1989-199550
                                                         A 19890731
                                      JP 1989-199551
                                                         A 19890731
                                      JP 1989-255819
                                                         A 19890930
                                      JP 1989-340467
                                                         A 19891226
                                      US 1990-559286
                                                         B1 19900730
                                      US 1993-2101
                                                         A3 19930108
                                                         B1 19930803
                                      US 1993-101785
```

- TI A resin composition for toners and a toner containing the same
- An electrostatog. toner compn. is described comprising a blend of resins contg.: (1) a resin obtained by reaction of a metal compd. with a copolymer of styrene, (meth)acrylic ester, and a carboxyl group-contg. vinyl compd.; (2) a copolymer of a vinyl compd. contg. glycidyl or β -methylglycidyl group and another vinyl compd.; and optionally (3) styrene-(meth)acrylic ester copolymer. The toner has excellent offset-resistance characteristics over a wide range of mixing temps., among other properties.
- ST electrostatog toner resin blend; offset resistant toner electrophotog
- IT Electrophotographic developers

(toners, resin blend for)

ΤT 62-54-4D, Calcium acetate, reaction product with acrylic polymer 1309-48-4D, Magnesium oxide (MgO), reaction product with acrylic polymer 1314-13-2D, Zinc oxide (ZnO), reaction product with acrylic polymer 25036-16-2D, reaction product with magnesium oxide 25167-42-4 25213-39-2 25586-20-3D, reaction product with magnesium oxide 25609-90-9D, reaction product with calcium acetate 25609-90-9D, reaction product with magnesium oxide 25767-47-9 25987-66-0D, reaction product with zinc oxide 26374-92-5 26428-43-3 27136-15-8 27306-39-4D, reaction product with calcium acetate 27306-39-4D, reaction product with zinc oxide 52660-53-4 55492-07-4 58048-89-8D, reaction product with zinc oxide 103332-15-6D, reaction product with calcium acetate or zinc oxide 103332-15-6D, reaction product with magnesium oxide 135244-30-3D, reaction product with magnesium oxide 135244-31-4D, reaction product with calcium acetate or zinc oxide 135244-32-5 RL: USES (Uses)

(toner compn. with resin blend contg.)

L35 ANSWER 34 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- AN 112:149087 CA
- TI Electrophotographic material for lithographic plate preparation
- IN Kato, Eiichi: Ishii, Kazuo
- PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 40 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 333415	A2	19890920	EP 1989-302462	19890314
	EP 333415	A 3	19910703		
	EP 333415	B1	19930922		
	R: DE, GB				
				JP 1988-58256 A	19880314
				JP 1988-88917 A	19880413
	JP 01232356	A2	19890918	JP 1988-58256	19880314
	JP 07101322	B4	19951101		
	JP 01261657	A2	19891018	JP 1988-88917	19880413

JP 07101323 B4 19951101 19911001 US 1989-322965 19890314 JP 1988-58256 A 19880314 JP 1988-88917 A 19880413 US 5053301 A Electrophotographic material for lithographic plate preparation TΙ An electrophotog. material suited for lithog. plate prepn. comprises an elec. conductive support and ≥1 photoconductive layer contg. photoconductive ZnO particles, a binder resin selected from alkyd resin, silicone resins, epoxy resins, polyesters, poly(vinyl butyrals), methacrylate copolymers, acrylate copolymers, and vinyl acetate polymer, and natural or synthetic hydrophilic resin grains having an av. grain diam. which is the same as or smaller than the max. grain diam. of the ZnO particles. The electrophotog. material is processed by an automatic printing plate-making machine to form a toner image and treated with an oil-desensitizing soln. for rendering hydrophilic the nonimage area to give a lithog. plate which provides prints of good image quality, particularly free background stains, from the start of printing, thus reducing loss of prints. ST electrophotog material lithog plate prepn; zinc oxide electrophotog lithog plate; hydrophilic resin electrophotog lithog plate ΙT Electrophotographic photoconductors (contg. zinc oxide and binder resins and hydrophilic resin grains for lithog. plate prepn.) TΤ Lithographic plates (zinc oxide electrophotog. compns. contq. hydrophilic resin grains for prepn. of) IT 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. materials contg. hydrophilic resin grains and, for lithog. plate prepn.) IT 9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid 9003-04-7 9046-31-5 9086-70-8 25322-68-3 28062-47-7 37291-07-9D, Starch-acrylonitrile copolymer, sapond. 57486-24-5, Aquaprene L 710 105187-85-7, KI Gel 201K 108688-17-1, Sumikagel SP 510 RL: USES (Uses) (zinc oxide electrophotog. compns. contg., for prepn. of lithog. plates) IT 25213-24-5 25704-18-1 27756-39-4 28062-60-4 31212-98-3 51131-63-6 55031-97-5 107052-85-7 124919-84-2 125052-36-0 **125120-19-6 125120-20-9** 125120-21-0 125120-23-2 125120-25-4 125120-26-5 125120-27-6 125120-29-8 125120-66-3 125193-75-1 125193-77-3 127006-47-7 RL: USES (Uses) (zinc oxide electrophotog. materials contg., for lithog. plate prepn.) L35 ANSWER 35 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text AN 111:15320 CA TI Electrostatographic toner IN Higashida, Osamu; Moribe, Isamu; Kumagai, Yugo Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. -----ΡI JP 63309968 A2 19881219 JP 1987-145760 19870611 JP 1987-145760 ΤI Electrostatographic toner

- ΔR Polymer particles, obtained by suspension-polymn. of a mixt. of 80-99 parts% monofunctional monomer and 1-20 parts% crosslinking agent, constitute 1-20% of the title toner. The toner has good fixability and antioffset property. Thus, a nonaq. dispersing agent was prepd. contg. nonvolatile component 30%. A mixt. of n-hexane 300, Et acrylate 28.8, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate 1.2, and the above soln. of dispersing agent 10 parts was heated in presence of 2,2'-azobis(2,4dimethylvaleronitrile) under stirring to obtain a dispersion of polymer particles. This dispersion was added with a 8:2 styrene-Bu acrylate monomer mixt. Then, this dispersion was suspension-polymd. in water contg. poly(vinyl alc.), and the product was melt-blended with C black, Nigrosine dye, and polypropylene to obtain toner particles of 15-µm av. diam. The toner was mixed with Fe oxide carrier and used for electrophotog. copying. Min. fixing temp. was 130°, and the highest non-offset temp. was 140°.
- ST electrophotog toner suspension polymd particles
- IT Dispersing agents

(polymer, crosslinked, for suspension-polymn. in nonaq. media, in manuf. of electrostatog. toner)

IT Electrophotographic developers

(toners, suspension-polymd. polymer particles in, for improved fixability and offset property)

IT 25101-94-4, Glycidyl methacrylate-12-hydroxystearic

acid-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer

RL: USES (Uses)

(dispersing agent, for suspension-polymn. in nonaq. media, in manuf. of electrostatoq. toner)

IT 90837-33-5, Butyl acrylate-ethyl acrylate-ethylene glycol

dimethacrylate-styrene copolymer 121177-92-2

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (electrostatog. toner contg., for improved fixability and offset property)

L35 ANSWER 36 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- AN 109:46137 CA
- TI Developer-replenisher material for imaging device
- IN Kurotori, Tsuneo; Mochizuki, Manabu; Ariyama, Kenzo; Kuramoto, Shinichi; Sugiyama, Yoshihiro; Takanashi, Hajime; Ishizuka, Takashi; Kudo, Yoshio; Sato, Yoshio
- PA Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Ger. Offen., 30 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
- DT Patent
- LA German

FAN.CNT 1

11111	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
ΡI	DE 3725002	A1	19880204	DE 1987-3725002	-	19870728
	DE 3725002	C2	19980430			
				JP 1986-177073	Α	19860728
				JP 1986-177074	Α	19860728
				JP 1986-232722	Α	19860929
				JP 1986-255354	Α	19861027
				JP 1986-255355	Α	19861027
				JP 1986-255356	Α	19861027
	JP 63085570	A2	19880416	JP 1986-232722		19860929
	GB 2194644	A1	19880309	GB 1987-17956		19870728
	GB 2194644	B2	19901219			
				JP 1986-177073	Α	19860728
				JP 1986-177074	Α	19860728
				JP 1986-232722	Α	19860929

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JP 1986-255354 A 19861027
JP 1986-255355 A 19861027
JP 1986-255356 A 19861027
                                           JP 1986-255356
                                                               A 19861027
     Developer-replenisher materials for use in electrostatic copying devices
AB
     are composed of a carrier liq., mainly consisting of an aliph.
     hydrocarbon, 1000 and toner particles, mainly consisting of a binder
     resin and a pigment, 200-1200 parts. Thus, a typical developer
     replenisher contained a 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-Me
     methacrylate-stearyl methacrylate copolymer, Printex U (C black), Tescon
     MRP (a natural resin-modified maleic acid), 171P (polyethylene), and
     Isopar H.
ST
     electrostatoq liq developer replenisher; electrophotog liq developer
     replenisher; electrog liq developer replenisher
     Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (rosin-modified, electrostatog. liq. developer replenisher contg.)
IT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (liq., replenisher for)
ΙT
     Electrophotographic development
        (liq., replenishment in, app. for)
     110-16-7D, 2-Butenedioic acid (Z)-, polymers, rosin-modified 115-77-5D,
TΤ
     Pentaerythritol, polymers, rosin-modified 147-14-8 522-75-8,
     Thioindigo 846-70-8, Naphthol yellow S 1229-55-6 1248-18-6, Lithol
     Red 1325-82-2 1328-53-6, C.I. Pigment Green 7 1836-22-2 2092-56-0
     2425-85-6, Permanent Red 4R 2512-29-0, Hansa Yellow 3564-21-4,
     Permanent Red F5R 5281-04-9 6358-85-6, Benzidine Yellow 6372-81-2,
     Lake Red D 6417-83-0, Bordeaux 10B 6448-95-9, Brilliant Fast Scarlet
     6548-12-5, Peacock blue lake 8033-42-9, Wax A 9002-88-4, DYNK
     9002-88-4, Epolene N 45 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 10279-68-2, Naphthol
     green Y 12634-23-0, Epolene E 14 19381-50-1, Naphthol green B
     25068-63-7, Glycidyl methacrylate-lauryl
     methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
     Isooctane 34464-38-5, Isodecane 60382-94-7, 4202E 61725-50-6,
     Malachite green lake 62610-51-9, Epolene E 15 66813-77-2, Sanwax E 300
     68651-46-7, Indigo (dye) 70777-49-0, 4053E 82446-67-1, PED136
     82446-73-9, E 2018 90327-88-1, Rhodamine lake 91261-68-6, Tescon MRP
     91316-55-1, OA wax 92881-18-0, PED521
                                              92881-19-1, PED522
                                                                  95078-70-9,
     PED153 97947-61-0, Acrylic acid-glycidyl
     methacrylate-lauryl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer
     101702-71-0, Acrylic acid-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-lauryl
     methacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 110119-84-1, E 2020
     111068-86-1, PED534 113989-07-4, 2-Hydroxyethyl
     methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-stearyl methacrylate
     copolymer 113989-08-5 114013-32-0, Alathon 12 114013-33-1, Alathon
         114013-34-2, Alathon 22 114013-35-3, Alathon 23 114013-38-6,
     Bareco 2000 114013-51-3, E 1040 114013-54-6, Epolene E 11
     114013-61-5, Isosol 400 114013-62-6, Lithol Fast Yellow 2G
     114013-67-1, PE580
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrostatog. liq. developer replenisher contg.)
L35 ANSWER 37 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
     106:166178 CA
AN
ΤI
     Nonaqueous resin dispersions and their use in electrophotographic
     developers
IN
     Tsubuko, Kazuo; Kuramoto, Shinichi; Nagai, Kayoko; Okawara, Makoto;
     Takanashi, Hajime
PΑ
     Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
    Ger. Offen., 11 pp.
```

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT LA FAN.	Patent German CNT 1					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
PI	DE 3624209 DE 3624209	A1 C2	19870122 19890503	DE 1986-3624209		19860717
				JP 1985-157912	Α	19850717
				JP 1985-157913	A	19850717
	JP 62018410	A2	19870127	JP 1985-157912		19850717
	JP 62018572	A2	19870127	JP 1985-157913		19850717
	JP 07013766	B4	19950215			
	US 4764447	A	19880816	US 1986-883182	_	19860708
				JP 1985-157912	A	
	GD 0170040			JP 1985-157913	Α	
	GB 2178048 GB 2178048	A1 B2	19870204 19890802	GB 1986-17468		19860717
	GB 21/8048	52	19890802	JP 1985-157912	A	19850717
				JP 1985-157913		_
ΓI	Nonagueous resin d	ispersi	ons and thei	r use in electrophot		
	developers	. operer	one and che	1 450 III 010 010pii 0	Jogra	piile
ST IT IT	CO2CnH2n+1 or OCOCN H2C:CR2CO2CmH2mCR3 with a carboxyl or in an aliph. hydrod H2C:CHCO2CH2CH:CH2- polymn. of the mono kerosine, C black, conc. which was the developer capable of nonaq resin dispers developer resin dis Electrophotographic (liq., nonaq. re 7631-86-9, Silicon 107685-79-0 10768 RL: USES (Uses)	nH2n+1 victor (Richards of product of produc	where n = 6- 2, R3 = H or y1 group in solvent. A rylic acid c n the presen rosine were with keros acing a grea ectrostatog ppers spersions fo e, uses and 107685-81 evelopers co	miscellaneous 1076 -4 107685-82-5 ntg. nonaq. dispers: P 107685-87-0P	of for a monopolymr. preprint propriet	nomer (C) initiato pd. by rile in a toner ectrostato s. rilq
L35	ANSWER 38 OF 44 CA	COPY	RIGHT 2005 A	CS on STN		
	Text					
AN	103:203744 CA					
CI.	Electrophotographic	toner				
N N	Kori, Shuntaro	7 6 3	Tomo-			
PA SO	Minolta Camera Co., Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo H CODEN: JKXXAF		-			
DΤ	Patent					
LΑ	Japanese					
	CNT 1					
•	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
PI	JP 60142353	A2	19850727	JP 1983-246468		19831229

- TI Electrophotographic toner
- AB In the title toner contg. a coloring agent and a thermoplastic polymer the thermoplastic polymer is a homopolymer or a copolymer composed of

JP 1983-246468

19831229

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≥1 monomeric unit of the formula -CH2C(R1)CO2R2- (R1 = H, Me; R2 =
    H, C<3 alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, glycidyl) or a copolymer of the
    above monomeric unit with another monomeric unit of the formula I (R3 = H,
    Me) which is a random copolymer contg. <50 wt.% of the monomer unit I.
    The above homopolymer or copolymer has on its side chain ≥1 of
    carboxyl, amino, OH, and glycidyl functional groups and a no. av. mol.
    wt. of 9000-30,000.
    electrophotog toner thermoplastic vinyl polymer
ST
    Vinyl compounds, polymers
TT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (polymers, thermoplastic, electrophotog. toners contg.)
TΤ
    42751-74-6 88801-59-6 99146-41-5 99146-42-6 99146-43-7
    99146-44-8 99146-45-9
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (thermoplastic, electrophotog, toners contq.)
L35 ANSWER 39 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
AN
    96:26839 CA
ΤI
    Electrostatographic toners
    Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
    _____
                       ____
                              -----
    JP 56080055
                              19810701
                                        JP 1979-157807
PΙ
                        A2
                                                                19791204
    JP 63050699
                        B4
                              19881011
                                          JP 1979-157807
                                                            A 19791204
AΒ
    A water-contg. pigment cake is mixed with a soln. (in org. solvent) of a
    copolymer of CH2:CRCO2R1 (R = H, Me; R1 = C1-4 alkyl) and ≥1
    monomer selected from unsatd. carboxylic acids, their anhydrides,
    glycidyl methacrylate, and glycidyl acrylate, and the water and the
    org. solvent are removed from the mixt. to give electrostatog. toners.
    Thus, H2O 500,, carbon black 50, and Alkali Blue 20 g were mixed, and an
    acrylic acid-Me methacrylate copolymer soln. (31.6% solids) 600 g was
    added to the mixt. The resultant mixt. was dried, and the residue was
    pulverized to give neg.-charging type electrostatog. toners.
ST
    electrophotog toner binder resin; electrostatog toner acrylic binder resin
    147-14-8 1328-53-6 5281-04-9 6548-12-5 25322-25-2
    28262-63-7 39464-61-4 40081-37-6 40111-87-3
    80337-97-9 80337-98-0
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrostatog. toners contg., prepn. of)
L35 ANSWER 40 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
    93:104821 CA
TI
    Magnetic toner
IN Kawanishi, Tsuneaki; Mukoh, Akio; Morishita, Hirosada
PA
    Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 61 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
   English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                             -----
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                                         -----
PΤ
    EP 6617
                        A2
                              19800109
                                        EP 1979-102144
                                                                19790627
    EP 6617
                       B1 19831207
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Α

R: DE, FR, GB

JP 1978-77445 19780628 19800117 JP 1978-77445 JP 55006308 A2 19780628 JP 57004904 B4 19820128

PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN	92:224281					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
					-	
ΡI	JP 55006308	A2	19800117	JP 1978-77445		19780628
	JP 57004904	B4	19820128			
					Α	
	US 4265993	A	19810505	US 1979-52442		19790626
				JP 1978-77445	A	19780628
	EP 6617	A2	19800109	EP 1979-102144		19790627
	EP 6617	B1	19831207			
	R: DE, FR, GB					
				JP 1978-77445		19780628

- ΤI Magnetic toner
- AB A single component type magnetic toner for electrophotog which transfers well defined images with high efficiency is composed of ferromagnetic material (50-75%) and resinous material (softening point 90-130°). Av. size of the power particle is 5-25 μ , elec. resistivity 1013-1015 Ω cm (at 4000 V/cm d.c.), and dielec. const. 2.6-5. Thus, a mixt. of magnetite (EPT-500 Tode Kogyo Co.) 60, resin (prepd. from styrene 44.0, n-Bu methacrylate 40.2, acrylic acid 15.8 mol%) 35, carbon black 5 wt. parts was plasticized at 110-120°, pulverized, mixed with 0.5% of Aerosil R 972, heat-treated at 200-300°, and classified to give magnetic toner particles (3-30 μ), which when mixed with carbon black (0.1%) had an elec. cond. 4 \times 10-13 S.cm-1 in elec. field of 4000 V/cm d.c. and dielec. const. 3.8 at frequency 100 kHz. The toner when used in a copying process gave excellent transferred-fixed images.
- STelectrophotog magnetic toner single component
- Acrylic polymers, uses and miscellaneous IT

Carbon black, uses and miscellaneous

Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, uses and miscellaneous

Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous

Polyamides, uses and miscellaneous

Polyesters, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. magnetic toners contg., single-component, for image transfer)

1309-38-2, uses and miscellaneous 7631-86-9, uses and miscellaneous 11099-03-9 24937-78-8 25068-38-6 25586-20-3 25609-90-9 **27306-39-4** 39316-78-4 **64155-52-8** 68938-89-6 73827-15-3 74564-92-4 74565-71-2 74565-97-2 74566-08-8 RL: USES (Uses)

> (electrophotog. magnetic toners contg., single-component, for image transfer)

- L35 ANSWER 41 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- Full Text
- AN 90:160131 CA
- Developers for electrophotographic lithographic plates TI
- Kawanishi, Toshiyuki; Kaneko, Jiichi; Kitahara, Fumio IN
- PΑ Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
- Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- T.A Japanese

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FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                              DATE
                                                                DATE
                       KIND
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     ----
                        ----
                               -----
                                           -----
PΤ
    JP 53123138
                               19781027
                         A2
                                           JP 1977-37234
                                                                  19770401
    JP 62060704
                         B4
                               19871217
                                                              A 19770401
                                           JP 1977-37234
TI
    Developers for electrophotographic lithographic plates
     Toners for developing electrophotog. plates for prepg. lithog. plates
     contain a compd. of the general formula RO2CCH2CH(SO3M)CO2R1 (R, R1 =
     C6-12 alkyl; M = metal ion) or a compd. of the formula R2CO2H.H2NR3 (R2 =
     C2-6 alkyl; R3 = C8-18 alkyl) and a graft copolymer obtained by grafting
     an unsatd. carboxylic acid (or its anhydride) to a copolymer of a monomer
     of the general formula CH2:CR4R5 [I; R4 = H, Me; R5 = CO2CnH2n+1,
     O2CCnH2n+1, OCnH2n+1 (n = 6-20)] and glycidyl (meth)acrylate and
     subsequently grafting thereon (on the side chain formed by the initial
     graft copolymn.) a monomer of the general formula CH2:CR6R7 [II; R6 = H,
    Me; R7 = CO2CnH2n+1 (n = 1-4), O2CCmH2m+1 (m = 1-5), Ph, tolyl,
     chlorophenyl] or a mixt. of the monomer II with another monomer of the
     general formula CH2:CR8R9 [III; R8 = H, Me; R9 =
     CO2C2H4N(CnH2n+1)(CmH2m+1)(m, n = 1-4), CO2H, CO2CH2CH2OH,
    glycidyloxycarbonyl, nitrophenyl, p-dimethylaminophenyl, hydroxyphenyl,
     carboxyphenyl, aminophenyl, 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, succinimido].
     Optionally, a graft copolymer obtained by grafting glycidyl
     (meth)acrylate on a copolymer of I with an unsatd. carboxylic acid or its
     anhydride and subsequently grafting II or a I-III mixt. on the side chain
     formed by the initial graft copolymn. can be used. The toners exhibit
     excellent charging properties and ink affinity. Thus, lauryl methacrylate
     194 and glycidyl methacrylate 6 g were copolymd., then methacrylic acid
     1.5 g was grafted thereon at 80° in the presence of Et3N, and
    subsequently vinyl acetate 150 g was grafted thereon in the presence of
    azobis(isobutyronitrile) to give a copolymer dispersion, which was dild.
     to 5 wt.%. A 5 wt.% didodecyl manganosulfosuccinate soln. (in
    cyclohexane) 200 mL was then added to the dispersion to give a developer
    soln. A lithog. plate prepd. by development of a com. electrophotog.
    plate by using the above developer gave high quality prints.
ST
    glycidyl methacrylate copolymer toner electrophotog
    Lithographic plates
ΤT
        (electrophotog., electrophotog. developers with
       toners contg. glycidyl methacrylate graft copolymer for
       prodn. of)
ΙT
     Photography, electro-, developers
        (toners, contg. glycidyl methacrylate graft copolymer for
       lithog. plate prepn.)
IT
    69884-41-9
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. developer toners contg. glycidyl
       methacrylate graft copolymer and, for lithog. plate prepn.)
IT 25068-63-7
              40793-13-3
                           69941-24-8
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (graft, electrophotog. developer toners contg., for lithog.
       plate prepn.)
L35 ANSWER 42 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
AN
    90:64459 CA
ΤI
    Magnetic toners for electrostatic image development
IN
    Mukoo, Akio; Kawanishi, Tsuneaki; Morishita, Yasusada; Hoshi, Nobuyoshi;
    Anzai, Masayasu
PA
    Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
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LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE APPLICATION NO. _____ --------------JP 53103744 19770223 19780909 A 2 JP 1977-18164 JP 1977-18164 A 19770223 In prepg. magnetic toners, a binder resin having OH, CO2H, and/or glycidyl groups is used, and the elec. resistivity of the toners is \geq 106 Ω -cm. The toners exhibit excellent transferability. Thus, acrylic acid-Bu acrylate-Me methacrylate-styrene (15:40:10:35 wt. ratio) copolymer (mol. wt. 12,000, softening point 93-100°) 45, magnetite 50, and carbon black 5 parts were kneaded at 100-10° and pulverized to give a magnetic toner whose elec. resistivity was 1015 Ω -cm. The transfer efficiency of the toner images (at 6 kV corona discharge) from a ZnO-based electrophotog. paper to a receptor paper was 92% vs. ≤60% for a control toner prepd. with an acrylic acid-free copolymer. STmagnetic toner electrostatog developer; electrophotog magnetic toner acid copolymer ΙT Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (resin-modified, electrophotog. magnetic toners contg. magnetite and) ΙT Electrography (developers, magnetic toners for, binder resins contg. hydroxy, carboxy or glycidyl groups for) ΙT Photography, electro-, developers (magnetic, toners, binder resins contg. hydroxy, carboxy or glycidyl groups for) ΙT 1309-38-2, properties RL: PRP (Properties) (electrophotog. magnetic toners contg. binder resin contg. hydroxy, carboxy or glycidyl groups and) IT 25036-16-2 26588-80-7 **27306-39-4** 37953-21-2 42376-83-0 53808-40-5 RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. magnetic toners contg. magnetite and) L35 ANSWER 43 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text AN 85:114796 CA TI Transferring paper for electrophotography TN Tanaka, Hiroshi; Soma, Ikuo Canon KK, Japan PA SO. U.S., 10 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DТ Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. ----------US 3950595 PΙ A 19760413 US 1973-419046 19731126 US 1973-419046 A 19731126 ΤI Transferring paper for electrophotography AB A receptor paper for electrophotog. toner images obtained by liq. development is prepd. by coating a paper support with a polymer or a copolymer prepd. from ≥1 monomer CH2:CRCO2R1 (R = H, Me; R1 = alkyl) and ≥1 monomer selected from unsatd. carboxylic acids and acrylonitrile. The receptor paper so prepd. has a high image transfer

efficiency and provides fogless and clear images. The receptor paper also does not absorb excessive amt. of a carrier liq. and thus prevents the prodn. of a large quantity of the carrier vapor at the dry-fixing stage.

Thus, a CdS powder 100 and a 30% soln. of a vinyl acetate-vinyl chloride polymer in PhMe 20 parts were mixed, coated on an Al plate as a 40-µ layer (dry thickness), dried, covered by a 30-µ poly(ethylene terephthalate) film using an epoxy resin adhesive, electrophotog. imaged and developed in a liq. soln. prepd. from carbon black, a cyclized rubber, polyethylene, a coumarone resin and Isopar G. A sheet of paper (60 g/m2) prepd. from a needle-leaved tree bleached pulp 20, a broad-leaved tree bleached kroft pulp 80, a rosin size 0.3, alum 1.5 and talc 8 parts was coated with a sizing soln. consisting of acrylic acid-ethyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate polymer 70, methyl cellulose 0.5, clay 30, a melamine resin 0.5, a silicon antifoaming agent 0.1 and H2O 100 parts at 3 g/m2 (solids content) and dried. The developed electrophotog. image was then transferred onto the receptor paper by corona transfer process and air-dried to give a clear image. The d., the fixability and the uniformity of the transferred image were 1.2, 95% and 9.0, resp.

- ST receptor paper electrophotog image
- IT Sizes

(alkyl acrylate copolymers as, for electrophotog. image-receiving papers)

IT Clays

RL: USES (Uses)

(coatings contg., for electrophotog. image-receiving papers)

IT 108-78-1, uses and miscellaneous 9002-89-5 9003-20-7 9003-55-8 9004-67-5 9005-25-8D, Starch, oxidized 24937-78-8 25135-39-1 25718-90-5 **53934-24-0** 53934-25-1 **54112-06-0** 60350-48-3 60350-49-4 RL: USES (Uses)

(sizing compn. contg., for **electrophotog**. image-receiving papers)

L35 ANSWER 44 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- AN 85:114778 CA
- TI Electrophotographic suspension developer
- IN Tsubuko, Kazuo; Kurotori, Tsuneo; Kimura, Taro; Kawanishi, Toshiyuki; Kaneko, Yoshikazu
- PA Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Ger. Offen., 30 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DAŢE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
					-	
ΡI	DE 2538581	A1	19760311	DE 1975-2538581		19750829
	DE 2538581	C3	19791018			
	DE 2538581	B2	19790222			
				JP 1974-100590	Α	19740903
	JP 51126152	A2	19761104	JP 1974-100590		19740903
	JP 55010195	B4	19800314			
					Α	
	US 4081391	A	19780328	US 1975-608832		19750829
				JP 1974-100590	Α	19740903

- TI Electrophotographic suspension developer
- An electrophotog. suspension developer is described which has an outstanding dispersion stability, fixability, and redispersibility and which is esp. useful in the prodn. of offset lithog. plates. The developer consists essentially of a pigment or dye and a resin composed of the graft polymer of a vinyl monomer with the ester of a glycidyl acrylate or methacrylate polymer dispersed in a carrier liq. Thus, a polymer dispersion (prepd. by polymn. of 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate with

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glycidyl methacrylate, subsequent esterification with acrylic acid,
     polymn. with Me methacrylate, addn. of polyethylene, and graft polymn. of
     this mixt. with vinylpyridine) 50 g, carbon black 5, C.I. 50415 1, and
     Isopar H 100g were ball-milled for 40 hr to give a developer conc. This
     conc. 10g was then dispersed in Isopar H 2 l. to give a suspension
     developer which when used in an electrophotog. development process to
     develop a ZnO-based paper gave an image d. of 1.20. On storage of the
     developer for 7 days at 50° very little change in stability was
     noted.
ST
     acrylic polymer electrophotog suspension developer
IT
     Carbon black, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. liq. developer with toner contg.
       acrylic polymer, wax, and)
ΙT
     Acrylic polymers
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. liq. developers for toners contg. pigments
       and graft)
IT
     Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. liq. developers with toners contq. acrylic
       polymers, pigments, and)
TΤ
    Lithographic plates
        (offset, electrophotog. liq. developers with toners contg.
       graft polymers and pigments for prepn. of)
TΤ
    1317-61-9 1324-77-2
                           6358-85-6 11099-03-9
                                                      30586-15-3
                                                                   60454-60-6
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. liq. developer with toner contg.
       acrylic polymer, wax, and)
IT 59158-34-8
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (graft, electrophotog. liq. developers contg. pigment and)
IT
    59041-18-8
                59158-30-4 59412-59-8 60436-47-7
                                                       60436-49-9
     60663-46-9
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (graft, electrophotog. liq. developers with toners contg.
       pigment and)
     9002-88-4
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (wax, electrophotog. liq. developer with toner
       contg. acrylic polymer, pigment, and)
```

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	70.82	71.24
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-10.20	-10.20

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Apr 8, 2005 (20050408/UP).

=>

FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 0.18	SESSION 71.42
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-10.20

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:01:48 ON 14 APR 2005
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Apr 2005 (20050407/ED)

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:56:30 ON 14 APR 2005)

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 07:57:34 ON 14 APR 2005 ACT A658811A1/A

L1	(315)SEA FILE=REGIST	RY ("ISOPROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "ISOPROPYL 2
L2	į	6017) SEA FILE=REGISTE	•
L3	Ċ	4230) SEA FILE=REGISTE	
L4	Ċ	519) SEA FILE=REGISTE	·
L5	(103) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY ("AMYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "N-AMYL METHACRYL
L6	(660) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY ("N-PROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "NSC 32624"/C
L7	(474) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY ("MYRISTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "TETRADECYL M
L8	(890) SEA FILE=REGIST	RY (METHOXYETHENE/CRN OR METHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR
L9	(2491) SEA FILE=REGIST	RY (ETHOXYETHENE/CRN OR ETHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "E
L10	(848) SEA FILE=REGIST	RY (BUTOXYETHENE/CRN OR BUTOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "B
L11	(RY 80-62-6/CRN OR 97-63-2/CRN OR L1 OR 88-12-0/C
L12	(92191) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY 141-32-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR L2 OR 106-91-2
L13	(94944) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY 79-41-4/CRN OR 79-10-7/CRN OR 140-10-3/CRN OR
L14	(17116) SEA FILE=REGISTE	RY L13 AND L11 AND L12 AND PMS/CI
L15	(14247) SEA FILE=CA L14	·
L16		80 SEA FILE=CA L15	(P) (BINDER OR RESIN) AND TONER

ACT A658811/A

L17	(315) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("ISOPROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "ISOPROPYL 2
L18	(6017) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("ACRYESTER L"/CRN OR "AGEFLEX FM 246"/CRN OR
L19	(4230) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("ACRYESTER S"/CRN OR "BLEMMER SMA"/CRN OR "L
L20	(519) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("ENT 8767"/CRN OR "N-OCTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN
L21	(103) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("AMYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "N-AMYL METHACRYL
L22	(660) SEA FILE=REGISTRY	("N-PROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "NSC 32624"/C

L23 (474) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("MYRISTYL ME L24 (890) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (METHOXYETHEN L25 (2491) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (ETHOXYETHENE L26 (848) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (BUTOXYETHENE L27 (97008) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 80-62-6/CRN C L28 (92191) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 141-32-2/CRN L29 (94944) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 79-41-4/CRN C L30 (17116) SEA FILE=REGISTRY L29 AND L27 A L31 14247 SEA FILE=CA L30	E/CRN OR METHO E/CRN OR ETHOXY E/CRN OR BUTOXY OR 97-63-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR 79-10-7/CRN AND L28 AND PMS	XYETHYLENE/CRN OR ETHYLENE/CRN OR "E ETHYLENE/CRN OR "B OR L17 OR 88-12-0/ OR L18 OR 106-91- OR 140-10-3/CRN OR			
L33 84 S L32 AND TONER L34 48 S L33 NOT (LIQUID (2W) (TONER# L35 44 S L34 AND ELECTROPHOTOG?	OR DEVELOP?))				
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:00:09 ON 14	APR 2005				
FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:01:48 ON 14 APR 20	005				
=> s 135 not (liq# (w) (toner# or develop?)) 953435 LIQ# 31322 TONER# 2022478 DEVELOP? 2956 LIQ# (W) (TONER# OR DEVELOP?) L36 36 L35 NOT (LIQ# (W) (TONER# OR DEV	/ELOP?))				
=> fil stnguide					
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION			
FULL ESTIMATED COST	5.83	77.25			
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)					
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-10.20			
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:02:20 ON 14 APR 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE					
FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Apr 8, 2005 (20050408/UP).	•				
=> fil ca; d hitstr 134 35					
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL			
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 0.42	SESSION 77.67			
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)					
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	ENTRY 0.00	SESSION -10.20			
FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:06:15 ON 14 APR 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)					

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Apr 2005 (20050407/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L34 ANSWER 35 OF 48 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN IT 125120-19-6 125120-20-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(zinc oxide electrophotog. materials contg., for lithog. plate prepn.)

RN 125120-19-6 CA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, dodecyl ester, polymer with oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-propenenitrile and 2-propenoic acid, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 142-90-5 CMF C16 H30 O2

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

H2C==CH-C==N

CM 3

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 125120-20-9 CA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, dodecyl ester, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 142-90-5 CMF C16 H30 O2

CM 2

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 3

CRN 88-12-0 CMF C6 H9 N O

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

=> d 135 35 hitstr

L35 ANSWER 35 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN IT 25101-94-4, Glycidyl methacrylate-12-hydroxystearic

acid-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer

RL: USES (Uses)

(dispersing agent, for suspension-polymn. in nonaq. media, in manuf. of electrostatog. toner)

RN 25101-94-4 CA

CN Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 2

CRN 106-14-9 CMF C18 H36 O3

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

=> fil stnguide COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

```
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                        5.67
                                                                  83.34
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                                  TOTAL
                                                      ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
                                                        0.00
                                                              -10.20
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:08:00 ON 14 APR 2005
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AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE
 FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Apr 8, 2005 (20050408/UP).
=> d his
      (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:56:30 ON 14 APR 2005)
     FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 07:57:34 ON 14 APR 2005
                ACT A658811A1/A
Ll
    (
            315) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ISOPROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "ISOPROPYL 2
. L2
    (
           6017) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER L"/CRN OR "AGEFLEX FM 246"/CRN OR
           4230)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER S"/CRN OR "BLEMMER SMA"/CRN OR "L
 L3
    (
            519) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ENT 8767"/CRN OR "N-OCTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN
 L4
    (
            103) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("AMYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "N-AMYL METHACRYL
 L5
    (
            660) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("N-PROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "NSC 32624"/C
 L6
    (
            474) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("MYRISTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "TETRADECYL M
 L7
    (
            890) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (METHOXYETHENE/CRN OR METHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR
 L8
    (
           2491) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (ETHOXYETHENE/CRN OR ETHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "E
 L9
            848) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (BUTOXYETHENE/CRN OR BUTOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "B
L10 (
L11 (
          97008) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 80-62-6/CRN OR 97-63-2/CRN OR L1 OR 88-12-0/C
          92191) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 141-32-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR L2 OR 106-91-2
L12 (
          94944)SEA FILE=REGISTRY 79-41-4/CRN OR 79-10-7/CRN OR 140-10-3/CRN OR
L13 (
          17116) SEA FILE=REGISTRY L13 AND L11 AND L12 AND PMS/CI
L14 (
L15 (
          14247) SEA FILE=CA L14
L16
             80 SEA FILE=CA L15 (P) (BINDER OR RESIN) AND TONER
               _____
                ACT A658811/A
L17 (
            315) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ISOPROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "ISOPROPYL 2
L18 (
           6017) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER L"/CRN OR "AGEFLEX FM 246"/CRN OR
L19 (
           4230) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ACRYESTER S"/CRN OR "BLEMMER SMA"/CRN OR "L
L20 (
            519) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("ENT 8767"/CRN OR "N-OCTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN
L21 (
            103) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("AMYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "N-AMYL METHACRYL
L22 (
            660) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("N-PROPYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "NSC 32624"/C
           474) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ("MYRISTYL METHACRYLATE"/CRN OR "TETRADECYL M
L23 (
            890) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (METHOXYETHENE/CRN OR METHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR
L24 (
L25 (
           2491) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (ETHOXYETHENE/CRN OR ETHOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "E
           848) SEA FILE=REGISTRY (BUTOXYETHENE/CRN OR BUTOXYETHYLENE/CRN OR "B
L26 (
L27 (
          97008) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 80-62-6/CRN OR 97-63-2/CRN OR L17 OR 88-12-0/
          92191) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 141-32-2/CRN OR 97-88-1/CRN OR L18 OR 106-91-
L28 (
L29 (
          94944) SEA FILE=REGISTRY 79-41-4/CRN OR 79-10-7/CRN OR 140-10-3/CRN OR
L30 (
          17116) SEA FILE=REGISTRY L29 AND L27 AND L28 AND PMS/CI
L31
          14247 SEA FILE=CA L30
               _____
           3617 S L31 AND (GLYCIDYL OR EPOXY OR OXIRANE)
L32
 L33
             84 S L32 AND TONER
 L34
             48 S L33 NOT (LIQUID (2W) (TONER# OR DEVELOP?))
             44 S L34 AND ELECTROPHOTOG?
L35
```

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:00:09 ON 14 APR 2005

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:01:48 ON 14 APR 2005
L36 36 S L35 NOT (LIQ# (W) (TONER# OR DEVELOP?))

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:02:20 ON 14 APR 2005

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:06:15 ON 14 APR 2005

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 08:08:00 ON 14 APR 2005

=> fil ca; d kwic fbib 15-29 135

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.54 83.88

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

0.00 -10.20

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Apr 2005 (20050407/ED)

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L35 ANSWER 15 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- TI Polymer composition and electrophotographic toner using it
- AB . . . 105-5 x 106 and acid value \geq 10 mg KOH/g larger than that of a and (B) a vinyl polymer having <code>glycidyl</code> or β -methylglycidyl groups. A toner contg. the compn. is also claimed. The toner shows good antiblocking and antioffset properties and high fixability at a various temp. range.
- ST vinyl polymer glycidyl binder electrophotog toner; acrylic styrene copolymer binder electrophotog toner
- IT Binders

Electrophotographic toners

(high-fixability electrophotog. toner contg. vinyl polymer-based binder)

IT 25586-20-3P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer
25987-66-0P, Butyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl
methacrylate-styrene copolymer 26428-43-3P, Butyl acrylateglycidyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 27306-43-0P, Acrylic

```
acid-2-ethylhexyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer
     50327-91-8P, Butyl acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-methyl
     methacrylate-styrene copolymer
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (high-fixability electrophotog. toner contg. vinyl
        polymer-based binder)
AN
     127:169058 CA
ΤI
     Polymer composition and electrophotographic toner using it
IN
     Okuto, Masazumi; Furukawa, Toshiharu
PΑ
     Sekisui Chemical Co. Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                         ____
PΙ
     JP 09185182
                         A2
                                19970715
                                            JP 1996-209
                                                                   19960105
                                            JP 1996-209
                                                                   19960105
L35 ANSWER 16 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
TI
     Preparing printing plates by electrophotography
AB
     Printing plates are prepd. by forming a toner image on a peelable
     transfer layer contg. a resin, capable of being removed by chem. reaction,
     on an electrophotog. light-sensitive element, providing an adhesive
     layer contg. a thermoplastic resin only on the toner image, transferring
     the toner image together with the transfer layer and the adhesive layer
     from the element to a temporary receptor, transferring the toner image
     with the layers to a receiving material with a hydrophilic surface, and
     partially removing the transfer layer by chem..
ST
     printing plate prepn electrophotog image transfer
     Lithographic plates
     Printing plates
        (prepn. by electrophotog. toner image transfer
        process)
ΙT
     Electrophotography
        (printing plate prepn. by toner image transfer process of)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (printing plate prepn. by toner image transfer process using
        electrophotog. photoreceptors contq.)
     29014-80-0, Dodecyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 93059-20-2,
ΙT
     FOC-1400 169045-60-7, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate-2-butoxyethyl
     methacrylate copolymer 186587-88-2 188951-12-4 188951-13-5
     188951-20-4
                 188951-24-8, Methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-vinyl
     butyrate copolymer 188951-25-9, Acrylic acid; 2, 3-dimethoxypropyl
     methacrylate; 2-phenylethyl methacrylate copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (in prepg. transfer layers for electrophotog. photoreceptors
        for manuf. of printing plates)
TТ
     26616-87-5, 1,3-Butadiene-styrene-vinyl acetate copolymer
     Acrylic acid; benzyl methacrylate; bis (methacryoxyethyl)
     butandioate; 2-butoxyethyl methacrylate; octadecyl methacrylate graft
     copolymer 188950-65-4, Acrylic acid; 3-butoxypropyl methacrylate;
     hexadecyl methacrylate; octadecyl methacrylate; 2-phenylethyl methacrylate
     graft copolymer 188950-67-6, 2-Carboxyethyl acrylate; 2,3-
     diethoxypropyl methacrylate; dodecyl methacrylate; methyl
     methacrylate; 5-[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-1-oxopropoxy]pentyl
     methacrylate graft copolymer 188950-68-7 188950-69-8 188950-70-1
     188950-71-2 188950-73-4 188950-74-5 188950-75-6 188950-76-7
```

```
188950-77-8 188950-79-0 188950-80-3, Crotonic acid; ethenyl
    2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl butanedioate;tridecyl methacrylate;vinyl
    acetate; vinyl valerate graft copolymer 188950-82-5, Benzyl
    methacrylate; dodecyl methacrylate; 2-[2-(hexyloxy) ethoxy] ethyl
    methacrylate; 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl 11-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-
    propenyl)amino]undecanoate;2-sulfoethyl methacrylate graft copolymer
    188950-83-6 188950-85-8 188950-86-9 188950-88-1 188950-89-2
                188950-91-6 188950-92-7 188950-93-8
    188950-90-5
    188950-94-9 188950-95-0 188950-96-1 188950-97-2 188950-99-4
    188951-00-0 188951-01-1 188951-02-2 188951-03-3 188951-04-4
    188951-05-5 188951-06-6 188951-07-7 188951-08-8 188951-09-9
    188951-10-2 189120-14-7 189890-33-3
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. and use in prepg. transfer layers for electrophotog.
       photoreceptors for manuf. of printing plates)
IΤ
    186522-24-7, Tetradecyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer
     186522-49-6
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (printing plate prepn. by electrophotog. image transfer
       process using liq. developers contg.)
    53192-53-3, Glycidyl methacrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl
IT
    methacrylate copolymer 186094-52-0
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (printing plate prepn. by electrophotog. toner
       image transfer process using primary receptors contg.)
ΙT
    85-44-9, Phthalic anhydride 574-93-6, Phthalocyanine 1314-13-2, Zinc
    oxide, uses 15008-36-3 17501-44-9, Zirconium acetylacetonate
    28630-43-5, Glycidyl methacrylate-methacrylic
    acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer 30525-33-8, Acrylic
    acid-dodecyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 36034-82-9
    113374-95-1 173783-73-8 176762-83-7 182559-23-5 188951-11-3
    188951-14-6 188951-15-7 188951-17-9 188951-26-0, Methyl
    methacrylate-4-methylstyrene-3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate
    copolymer 188951-28-2 188951-30-6 188951-31-7 188951-32-8
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (printing plate prepn. by toner image transfer process using
       electrophotog. photoreceptors contg.)
AN
    126:349707 CA
    Preparing printing plates by electrophotography
ΤI
IN
    Kato, Eiichi; Nakazawa, Yusuke; Ishii, Kazuo
PΑ
    Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
    Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 248 pp.
    CODEN: BAXXDU
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                               DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                        ----
                                          -----
                               _____
PΙ
    GB 2302063
                        A1
                               19970108
                                          GB 1996-12258
                                                                 19960612
    GB 2302063
                         B2
                               19990203
                                          JP 1995-144885
                                                             A 19950612
    US 5700612
                               19971223
                                          US 1996-661723
                                                                 19960611
                                          JP 1995-144885
                                                             A 19950612
    JP 09062038
                        A2
                               19970307
                                          JP 1996-151364
                                                                 19960612
                                          JP 1995-144885
                                                              A 19950612
```

L35 ANSWER 17 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text

TI Electrophotographic developer containing toner particles having shapes different from each other

AB The developer contains toner particles which comprises at least a coloring agent and a resin, wherein shapes of the toner particles are

```
combination of ≥2 selected from globular, fibrous (having many
     needle fibers on the surface), and amorphous. The coloring.
ST
     liq electrophotog developer toner shape; coloring agent liq
     electrophotog developer
     Carbon black, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Mogul A; electrophotog. developer contg. toner
        particles having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and
        amorphous)
IT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (liq. electrophotog. developer contg. toner
        particles as mixt. of those with globular, fiber-contg., and/or
        amorphous shape)
ΙT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (liq.; electrophotog. developer contg. toner
        particles having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and
        amorphous)
ΙT
     Rosin
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (maleated; electrophotog. developer contq. toner
        particles having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and
        amorphous)
IT
     147-14-8DP, diazotized, reaction products with methacrylic acid-stearyl
     methacrylate copolymer 27401-06-5DP, Methacrylic acid-stearyl methacrylate copolymer, reaction products with diazotized copper
     phthalocyanine blue 32761-10-7P, Stearyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. developer contg. toner particles
        having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and amorphous)
тт
     91825-10-4, BR 89
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (electrophotog. developer contg. toner particles
        having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and amorphous)
ΙT
     147-14-8 548-62-9, Crystal Violet 980-26-7, Pigment Red 122
     5280-68-2, Pigment Red 146 5281-04-9, Carmine 6B 6358-85-6, Pigment
                9002-88-4, Sanwax 171P 9010-77-9, Acrylic acid-ethylene
     Yellow 12
     copolymer 25053-53-6, ELVAX-II 5610 25068-63-7,
     Glycidyl methacrylate-lauryl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl
     methacrylate copolymer 27401-06-5, Methacrylic acid-stearyl methacrylate
                28851-51-6, Glycidyl methacrylate-lauryl
     methacrylate copolymer 55492-07-4, Butyl methacrylate-glycidyl
     methacrylate-styrene copolymer 188827-55-6, Acrylamide-glycidyl
     methacrylate-lauryl methacrylate copolymer 188827-56-7 188827-57-8
     188827-58-9, Sodium methacrylate-stearyl methacrylate copolymer
     188827-59-0, Acrylic acid-ethyl acrylate-ethylene-vinyltoluene copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. developer contg. toner particles
        having shapes of combination of globular, fibrous, and amorphous)
AN
     126:270376 CA
ΤI
     Electrophotographic developer containing toner particles having shapes
     different from each other
     Tsubushi, Kazuo; Goto, Akihiko; Asami, Takeshi; Mizuno, Kazuyo; Koseki,
IN
     Akihiro
     Ricoh Kk, Japan
PΑ
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 2
```

PATENT NO.

KIND

DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

ΡI	JP 09050146	A2	19970218	JP 1996-127858	19960424
				JP 1995-123154 A	19950424
				JP 1995-155523 A	19950531
PATE	NT FAMILY INFORMATIO	N:			
FAN	126:124730				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 08292610	A2	19961105	JP 1995-123156	19950424
	US 5851717	A	19981222	US 1996-637081	19960424
				JP 1995-123156 A	19950424
				JP 1995-155523 A	19950531

L35 ANSWER 18 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text

- TI Preparation of printing plates by **electrophotography** with high image qualities in the plates and prints
- AB . . . prepd. by placing a peelable first transfer layer of mainly resins that can be removed by chem. reaction; forming an electrophotog. toner image on the above layer; transferring the toner image to first receptor (by (i) forming peelable second transfer layer contg. mainly the above resins then transferring the toner image together with the transfer layer to the first receptor; or (ii) transferring the toner image together with the first transfer layer on to the receptor having peelable second transfer layer of mainly the above resins]; transferring the toner image together with the first transfer layer to final receptor becoming lithog.-printable hydrophilic surface during printing; then removing second transfer. . .
- ST printing plate manuf electrophotog; peelable transfer printing plate
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses
 - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (di-Me, carboxy-terminated; prepn. of printing plates by electrophotog. with high image qualities in the plates and prints)
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses
 - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (di-Me, hydroxy-terminated; prepn. of printing plates by electrophotog. with high image qualities in the plates and prints)
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses
 - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (ester group-contg.; prepn. of printing plates by **electrophotog** . with high image qualities in the plates and prints)
- IT Electrophotography

Parting materials

Printing plates

(prepn. of printing plates by **electrophotog**. with high image qualities in the plates and prints)

- IT Polysiloxanes, uses
 - RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 - (prepn. of printing plates by **electrophotog**. with high image qualities in the plates and prints)
- ΙT 65697-22-5P, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate copolymer 150624-67-2P 150624-77-4P 150624-89-8P 150625-22-2P 155292-83-4P 155292-84-5P 155292-85-6P 155292-86-7P 155292-87-8P 155292-88-9P 155292-90-3P 157966-19-3P 155292-96-9P 166594-77-0P, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate-2-methoxyethyl methacrylate copolymer 169045-58-3P 169045-60-7P, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate-2-butoxyethyl methacrylate copolymer 169045-63-0P, Acrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-2-propoxyethyl methacrylate copolymer 169045-71-0P 169045-72-1P 169045-73-2P 169045-75-4P 169045-77-6P 169045-78-7P 169045-81-2P 169045-82-3P

```
169045-83-4P 169045-84-5P
                                 169045-87-8P 169045-93-6P 169045-95-8P
    169045-97-0P 169045-98-1P 169046-25-7P 169046-26-8P 169046-28-0P
    169046-29-1P 169046-30-4P 169046-32-6P 169218-33-1P 176762-50-8P,
    Crotonic acid-vinyl acetate-vinyl valerate copolymer 176762-52-0P,
    2,3-Dipropoxycarbonylpropyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-2-sulfoethyl
    methacrylate copolymer 176762-54-2P 176762-62-2P 176762-63-3P
    176762-65-5P 176762-66-6P 176771-17-8P 176771-19-0P
                                                               176771-21-4P
    176771-22-5P 176771-23-6P
                                 183317-12-6P 183317-16-0P, Acrylic
    acid-dimethylsilanediol-methyl methacrylate-2-pentyloxyethyl methacrylate
    graft copolymer 183317-19-3P 183317-21-7P 183317-24-0P
    183317-25-1P 183317-26-2P 183317-27-3P 183317-28-4P
                                                               183317-29-5P
    183317-31-9P 183317-32-0P 183317-33-1P 183317-36-4P
    183317-61-5P 183317-62-6P 183317-63-7P 183317-74-0P 183371-63-3P 186094-45-1P 186094-46-2P 186094-47-3P 186094-48-4P 186094-59-7P
     186094-60-0P 186094-61-1P 186094-62-2P 186094-63-3P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of printing plates by electrophotog. with high image
       qualities in the plates and prints)
ΙT
     26590-46-5, Ethylene-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
     31900-57-9D, Dimethylsilanediol homopolymer, dimethylvinylsilyl-terminated
     53192-53-3, Glycidyl methacrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl
    methacrylate copolymer 59942-04-0D, dimethylvinylsilyl-terminated
    65697-21-4D, Benzyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer,
    carboxyethylthio-terminated 156118-35-3, Dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol copolymer 156618-33-6 176762-96-2, Acrylic
    acid-benzyl methacrylate-2-propoxyethyl methacrylate copolymer
    176771-25-8 182559-23-5 182559-29-1 182559-31-5 183317-48-8
                 183317-53-5 183317-55-7
    183317-51-3
                                              183317-56-8
                                                            183317-58-0
    186094-50-8 186094-52-0 186094-53-1
                                             186094-54-2 186094-55-3
    186094-56-4 186094-57-5 186094-58-6
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of printing plates by electrophotog. with high image
       qualities in the plates and prints)
IT
    162127-42-6, X-22-167B 163916-20-9 163916-21-0
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of printing plates by electrophotog. with high image
       qualities in the plates and prints)
AN
    126:124741 CA
ΤT
    Preparation of printing plates by electrophotography with high image
    qualities in the plates and prints
IN
    Kato, Eiichi; Nakazawa, Jusuke
PΑ
     Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 89 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DТ
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                       ____
                               -----
                                           _____
PΤ
    JP 08292611
                                          JP 1996-36726
                        A2
                               19961105
                                                                19960223
                                          JP 1995-60079
                                                             A 19950224
    US 5648191
                               19970715
                                          US 1996-605440
                                                                19960222
                                                            A 19950224
                                           JP 1995-60079
L35 ANSWER 19 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TT
    Photosensitive substance for electrophotography, electrophotographic
```

photoreceptor and its manufacture, and color filter and its manufacture

. . . vinyl compd., a CO2H-contg. vinyl compd., and a OH-contg. vinyl

using it

AB

²⁹

```
compd.. The copolymer may be prepd. by use of an epoxy ring-contg.
     vinyl compd. in place of the OH-contg. or CO2H-contg. vinyl compd. The
     photoreceptor comprises a substrate with a coating. . . to the
     light-insulating or colored pixel pattern to form a latent image, and
     developing the image with a liq. developing toner. Color filters with
     good solvent-resistance can be manufd. by electrophotog. process. Thus,
     N-vinylcarbazole-Bu methacrylate-acrylic acid-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate
     copolymer was used for the photosensitive substance.
     electrophotog photoreceptor photoconductive vinyl copolymer;
     electrodeposition vinyl copolymer photoreceptor manuf; color filter
     electrophotog photoreceptor
     Electrophotographic photoconductors (photoreceptors)
     Optical filters
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor contg. photoconductive vinyl
        copolymer for color filters)
     Electrodeposition
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor contg. photoconductive vinyl
        copolymer manufd. by electrodeposition)
IT 185031-85-0P 185031-86-1P 185031-87-2P
     185031-88-3P
                  185031-89-4P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor contq. photoconductive vinyl
        copolymer for color filters)
     126:52821 CA
     Photosensitive substance for electrophotography, electrophotographic
     photoreceptor and its manufacture, and color filter and its manufacture
     using it
     Sasaki, Atsushi; Watanabe, Eizaburo; Ike, Nobuaki; Fujita, Kenichi
     Toppan Printing Co Ltd, Japan; Toyo Ink Mfg Co
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                                           _____
     JP 08262766
                               19961011
                                           JP 1995-63131
                         A2
                                                                 19950322
                                           JP 1995-63131
                                                                 19950322
L35 ANSWER 20 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
     Resin composition for electrophotographic toner
     . . . ≤100,000 dyne/cm2 at 170°, where (A) contains a
     nitrile-group-contg. polymer. The compn. is esp. suitable as a binder
     resin for electrophotog. dry toner.
     resin compn electrophotog toner
     Epoxy resins, uses
     Polyamides, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     Urethane polymers, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (resin compn. for electrophotog. toner comprising)
    Electrophotographic developers
        (toners, resin compn. for electrophotog. toner with
        specific dynamic elastic modulus)
     9010-79-1, Viscol 550P 25153-46-2, 2-Ethylhexylacrylate-styrene
     copolymer 26282-37-1, Acrylonitrile-2-ethylhexylacrylate-styrene
     copolymer 35725-18-9, Acrylonitrile-lauryl methacrylate-styrene
     copolymer 52907-82-1, Benzoic acid-Epicote 1002 copolymer 89993-85-1,
     Propoxylated bisphenol A-isophthalic acid copolymer 97697-76-2,
     Ethoxylated bisphenol A-terephthalic acid copolymer 130038-55-0,
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ST

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AΒ

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ΙT

MDI-ethoxylated bisphenol A copolymer 138128-04-8, Propoxylated bisphenol A-dodecenylsuccinic acid-terephthalic acid copolymer 183243-85-8, Acrylic acid-acrylonitrile-lauryl

methacrylate-styrene copolymer

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(resin compn. for electrophotog. toner comprising)

AN 125:312400 CA

- TI Resin composition for electrophotographic toner
- IN Niinae, Takashi; Sasada, Shinya
- PA Sanyo Chemical Industries Ltd., Japan
- SO Ger. Offen., 13 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
ΡI	DE 19608712	A1	19960919	DE 1996-19608712		19960306
				JP 1995-74565	Α	19950306
	JP 08305081	A2	19961122	JP 1996-69286		19960228
	JP 2906034	B2	19990614			
				JP 1995-74565	Α	19950306
	CN 1133443	A	19961016	CN 1996-102711		19960301
				JP 1995-74565	Α	19950306
	FR 2731529	A1	19960913	FR 1996-2830		19960306
	FR 2731529	B1	19981127			
				JP 1995-74565	Α	19950306
	US 5714542	A	19980203	US 1996-611821		19960306
				JP 1995-74565	Α	19950306

L35 ANSWER 21 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Full Text

- TI Manufacture of lithographic printing plate by electrophotographic process
- AB The process comprises forming a toner image on a peelable electrophotog. photoreceptor by using an electrophotog. process, electrodepositing a layer made up of ≥2 types of resin particles with different Tg (glass transition temp.) on the toner image to form a 1st transfer layer, applying a layer made up of resin particles with a higher Tg to form a 2nd transfer layer, transferring the toner image and the 1st and 2nd transfer layers to a receptor, and removing the 1st and 2nd transfer layers in. . .
- ST lithog printing plate **electrophotog** process manuf; resin particle lithog printing plate
- IT Electrophotography
 - Lithographic plates
 - (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
- IT Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
 - RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 - (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
- IT 182829-01-2
 - RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 - (binder resin; manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
- IT 25639-21-8D, thioethoxycarbonylethyl methacrylate terminated 29014-80-0, Dodecyl methacrylate- methacrylic acid copolymer 182558-54-9 182558-79-8
 - RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 - (dispersion stabilizing resin; manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
- IT 67923-67-5, Acrylic acid-ethyl acrylatemethyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer

```
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (dispersion stabilizing resin; manuf. of lithog. printing plate by
       electrophotog. process)
ΙT
    3052-61-7, Benzyl-N, N-diethyldithiocarbamate
                                                  109473-77-0
                                                                155293-25-7
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (initiator; manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog
       . process)
    150551-83-0 150551-90-9
                                150551-91-0
                                            150551-93-2
ΙT
                                                          158320-07-1
    182558-56-1
                  182558-84-5D, thioethoxycarbonylaminoethyl methacrylate
    terminated
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
ΙT
    166594-77-0, Acrylic acid- benzyl methacrylate- 2-methoxyethyl
    methacrylate copolymer
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
    25035-26-1, Crotonic acid-vinyl acetate-vinyl propionate copolymer
IT
    25766-25-0, Vinyl acetate- vinyl butanoate- crotonic acid copolymer
    27155-22-2, Acrylic acidmethyl acrylatemethyl methacrylate copolymer
    30475-53-7D, Methacrylic acidphenyl methacrylate copolymer,
    carboxy-terminated 40045-04-3, Acrylic acid-ethyl methacrylate-
    glycidyl methacrylate copolymer 65697-21-4D, Benzyl
    methacrylate; methacrylic acid copolymer, carboxy-terminated
    155161-71-0, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate
    copolymer 155161-74-3, Benzyl methacrylate-glycidyl
    methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 166594-75-8D,
    thioethylmetacrylate terminated 172598-64-0 182558-57-2,
    Acrylic acid-2-butoxyethyl methacrylate-crotonic acid-methyl
    methacrylate-vinyl acetate-vinyl propionate copolymer 182558-58-3
    182559-23-5 182559-26-8, Methyl methacrylate-acrylic acid-2-sulfoethyl
    methacrylate copolymer 182559-29-1 182559-31-5 182559-33-7
    182559-34-8 182559-35-9 182559-36-0 182559-37-1
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
    26936-24-3, Methyl acrylatemethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer
    73248-83-6, 2,2,3,4,4,4-Hexafluorobutyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate
    copolymer 130030-47-6, Acrylic acid-benzyl methacrylate-ethyl acrylate
    copolymer 150624-89-8 157966-19-3 161552-54-1 169046-28-0
    169046-29-1 169046-30-4 169046-32-6 182558-60-7 182558-61-8,
    Acrylic acid-2-carboxyethyl acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate
    copolymer 182558-63-0 182558-65-2, Acrylic acid-2-butoxyethyl
    acrylate-ethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate
    copolymer 182558-67-4 182558-68-5 182558-69-6 182558-71-0
    182558-73-2 182558-75-4
                              182558-76-5
                                            182558-78-7 182558-80-1
    182558-81-2D, thioethoxycarbonylethyl methacrylate terminated
    182558-82-3D, thioethylmethacrylate terminated
                                                   182558-83-4D,
    3-cyanobutanoyloxyethyl acrylate terminated 182558-85-6, Acrylic
    acid-2-ethoxyethyl acrylate-methyl acrylate copolymer 182558-86-7
    182558-87-8 182558-88-9 182558-89-0 182558-90-3 182558-91-4
    182558-92-5 182558-93-6 182558-94-7 182558-95-8 182558-97-0
    182558-99-2 182559-02-0 182559-04-2 182559-12-2 182559-14-4
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
    25135-39-1P, Acrylic acid-ethyl acrylatemethyl methacrylate copolymer
    25302-81-2P, Acrylic acid-methyl acrylate copolymer 58991-34-7P
    155161-64-1P, Acrylic acid- diethylene glycol monomethyl ether
                                                169045-58-3P, 2-Carboxyethyl
    methacrylate- methyl methacrylate copolymer
    acrylate-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 169045-70-9P
    182558-59-4P 182558-62-9P, Acrylic acid-2-methoxyethyl acrylate-methyl
    acrylate-methyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 182558-64-1P,
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Acrylic acid-ethyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate copolymer
    182558-66-3P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. of lithog. printing plate by electrophotog. process)
AN
    125:288810 CA
TΤ
    Manufacture of lithographic printing plate by electrophotographic process
IN
    Kato, Eiichi
    Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
PΑ
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 79 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                         -----
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                              19960730
                                        JP 1995-19897 19950113
JP 1995-19897 19950113
PΙ
    JP 08194341
                       A2
L35 ANSWER 22 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
    Electrophotographic color imaging method
AΒ
    The title method utilizes colorless transparent toner comprising
    colorless polymeric binder and colorless polymeric charge controller. The
    toner is pos.-charging liq. toner and its binder is a
    graft-mixed-polymer with claimed vinyl monomers. The method produced high
    quality images.
ST
    color electrophotog method toner graft polymer
IT
    Electrophotographic development
        (color, electrophotog. color imaging method)
IT
    Electrophotographic developers
       (color, toners, electrophotog. color imaging method)
IT 180311-52-8P, 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate-glycidyl
    methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-N-vinyl-
    2-pyrrolidone graft copolymer 180311-53-9P, 2-Ethylhexyl
    methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl
    acrylate-methyl methacrylate-4-vinylpyridine graft copolymer
    RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (binder resin of electrophotog. toner)
ΙT
    31196-82-4P, Lauryl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-N-vinylpyrrolidone
    copolymer 34888-27-2P, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate-lauryl methacrylate
    copolymer
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (charge controller of electrophotog. toner)
AN
   125:181177 CA
    Electrophotographic color imaging method
IN
   Faust, Raimund Josef; Lutz, Silvia
PA
    Hoechst A.-G., Germany
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
   German
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                                         -----
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               A1 19960703
   EP 720067
PΤ
                                        EP 1995-120267
                                                              19951221
    EP 720067
                       B1 19990915
        R: AT, BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL
                                         DE 1994-4447104 A 19941229
    DE 4447104
                 A1 19960704 DE 1994-4447104
                                                              19941229
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US 1995-579434

19951227

US 5700618

Α

19971223

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DE 1994-4447104 A 19941229
     JP 08254859
                         A2
                                19961001
                                            JP 1995-343827
                                                                   19951228
                                                               A 19941229
                                            DE 1994-4447104
                                19971223
                                            BR 1995-6125
     BR 9506125
                                                                   19951228
                         Α
                                            DE 1994-4447104 A 19941229
L35 ANSWER 23 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
     Preparation of durable printing plates by electrophotography
AB
     The title prepn. involves forming a first transfer layer by
     electrodeposition, on electrophotog. photoreceptor, of resin particles
     contg. polymers (A) with Tg 10-140° and softening point
     35-180° and also polymers with Tg ≤45°. . .
     softening point ≤60° which are ≥2° lower than
     those of the polymers A then a second transfer layer then electrophotog.
     toner images, transfer of the toner image together with the transfer
     layers on a receptor, and chem. removing the transfer layers.
ST
     printing plate electrophotog
     Electrophotography
     Parting materials
     Printing plates
        (prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog.)
ΙT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (aminoalkyl di-Me, release; prepn. of durable printing plates by
        electrophotog.)
ΙT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (carboxy-contg., release; prepn. of durable printing plates by
        electrophotog.)
TΤ
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, 3-hydroxypropyl Me, ethoxylated, release; prepn. of durable
        printing plates by electrophotog.)
TT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, carboxy-terminated, release; prepn. of durable printing plates
       by electrophotog.)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
TT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, epoxy-contg., XF 42A5041, release; prepn. of durable
       printing plates by electrophotog.)
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, hydroxy-terminated, release; prepn. of durable printing plates
       by electrophotog.)
IΤ
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, hydroxyalkyl Me, ethoxylated, release; prepn. of durable
        printing plates by electrophotog.)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, hydroxyalkyl Me, ethoxylated propoxylated, release; prepn. of
        durable printing plates by electrophotog.)
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, hydroxyalkyl Me, propoxylated, release; prepn. of durable
        printing plates by electrophotog.)
TТ
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (fluorine-contg., release; prepn. of durable printing plates by
```

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electrophotog.)
IT
     Fluoropolymers
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-, release; prepn. of durable printing plates by
        electrophotog.)
TT
     Polymerization catalysts
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (star-block, prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog
        .)
IT
     109473-77-0P 150551-83-0P
                                  150551-84-1P
                                               150551-90-9P
                                                               150551-93-2P
     155293-25-7P 176771-24-7P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymn. initiator; prepn. of durable printing plates by
        electrophotog.)
IT
     25035-26-1P, Crotonic acid-vinyl acetate-vinyl propionate copolymer
     26936-24-3P, Methacrylic acid-methyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate
     copolymer 61255-17-2P, Divinylbenzene-dodecyl methacrylate copolymer
     150624-67-2P 150624-77-4P 150625-22-2P 150642-13-0P 155292-83-4P 155292-84-5P 155292-85-6P 155292-88-9P 155292-90-3P 161512-62-5P
     166594-77-0P
                   169045-70-9P
                                 169046-26-8P 169046-28-0P
                                                               169046-29-1P
     169046-30-4P
                   169046-32-6P 176770-75-5P 176770-76-6P
     176770-78-8P 176770-79-9P 176770-80-2P 176770-81-3P
     176770-82-4P 176770-83-5P 176770-84-6P 176770-86-8P
                                                               176770-87-9P
     176770-88-0P 176770-89-1P 176770-90-4P
                                                176770-91-5P
                                                               176770-92-6P
     176770-93-7P 176770-94-8P 176770-95-9P
                                                176770-96-0P
                                                               176770-97-1P
     176770-98-2P 176770-99-3P
                                 176771-00-9P
                                                176771-01-0P
     176771-02-1P 176771-03-2P
                                 176771-05-4P
                                                176771-06-5P
     176771-07-6P 176771-08-7P 176771-09-8P
                                                176771-10-1P
                                                               176771-11-2P
     176771-13-4P 176771-14-5P 176771-15-6P
                                                 176771-16-7P
                                                               176771-17-8P
     176771-18-9P 176771-19-0P 176771-20-3P
                                                176771-21-4P
                                                               176771-22-5P
     176771-23-6P 176896-13-2P 177568-58-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog.)
IT
     25766-25-0 155161-49-2 176771-26-9 176771-27-0 176771-28-1
     176771-29-2 176771-31-6 176771-32-7 176771-34-9 176771-35-0
     176771-36-1 176771-37-2 176771-38-3 177367-34-9
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog.)
IT
     91105-71-4, Surflon S-382 144070-79-1 162127-42-6, X-22-167B
                              163916-27-6 176771-25-8 176771-39-4
     163916-20-9 163916-24-3
     176771-40-7 176896-14-3
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (release; prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog
        .)
IT
     150624-89-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (star; prepn. of durable printing plates by electrophotog.)
AN
     125:22364 CA
TI
     Preparation of durable printing plates by electrophotography
IN
     Kato, Eiichi; Momota, Atsushi; Ooishi, Hiroyuki
PA
     Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 82 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
\mathbf{DT}
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                        A2 19960312
PТ
    JP 08069135
                                          JP 1995-154934
                                                                 19950621
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JP 1994-160779

A 19940621

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US 5589308
                          Α
                                19961231
                                            US 1995-492701
                                                                   19950620
                                            JP 1994-160779
                                                                A 19940621
L35 ANSWER 24 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
TI
    Apparatus and method for preparation of printing plate by
     electrophotographic process
AB
    A method for prepn. of a printing plate by an electrophotog. process
     comprises forming a toner image on an electrophotog. light-sensitive
     element by an electrophotog. process, providing a peelable transfer
     layer mainly contg. a resin capable of being removed upon a chem. reaction
     treatment on the toner image, transferring the toner image together
    with the transfer layer from the light-sensitive element to a receiving
    material having a surface capable of providing. . . the non-image area
    by the chem. reaction treatment. According to the method, good duplicated
     images are formed without taking the electrophotog. characteristics of
     transfer layer used into consideration. The transfer layer is excellent in transferability and can be achieved. A conventional electrophotog.
     light-sensitive element can be utilized by applying a compd. for imparting
     the desired releasability to the surface thereof. An app..
ST
    printing plate prepn electrophotog process
TТ
    Rubber, silicone, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (surface active agent on electrophotog, light-sensitive
        element comprising)
IT
    Electrophotography
        (app., method for prepn. of printing plate by electrophotog.
        process and app. for use therein)
ΙT
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (carboxy-contg., surface active agent on electrophotog.
        light-sensitive element comprising)
IT
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, 3-hydroxypropyl Me, ethoxylated, surface active agent on
        electrophotog. light-sensitive element comprising)
TΤ
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, carboxy-terminated, surface active agent on
        electrophotog. light-sensitive element comprising)
IT
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, hydroxy-terminated, surface active agent on
        electrophotog. light-sensitive element comprising)
ΙT
    Lithographic plates
        (offset, method for prepn. of printing plate by electrophotog
        . process and app. for use therein)
     80-62-6DP, polymer with fluoroalkyl-Et methacrylate and glycidyl
    methacrylate 97-63-2DP, polymer with fluoroalkyl-Et methacrylate and
    glycidyl methacrylate 106-91-2DP, polymer with fluoroalkyl-Et
    methacrylate and (M)ethyl methacrylate 123109-43-3P 144541-84-4P
    150624-67-2P 150625-01-7P
                                  150625-03-9P 150625-22-2P 150642-22-1P
    150642-24-3P 155292-83-4P
                                  155292-86-7P
                                                 155292-87-8P
                                                                155292-88-9P
    155292-90-3P 155292-98-1P 157966-19-3P 161552-47-2P 161552-54-1P
    172835-14-2DP, polymer with fluoroalkyl-Et methacrylate 172835-66-4P
    172835-67-5P 172835-68-6P 172835-69-7P
                                                 172835-70-0P 172835-71-1P
    172835-72-2P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (binder resins comprising)
IT
    42557-10-8, KF 96L2.0 58258-12-1 82030-84-0, Surflon S 141
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162127-42-6, X 22-167B 163916-21-0 172835-87-9D, trimethylsilylterminated RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (surface active agent on electrophotog. light-sensitive element comprising) 172835-15-3P 172835-17-5P 172835-18-6P 172835-19-7P 172835-20-0P TT 172835-21-1P 172835-22-2P 172835-23-3P 172835-24-4P 172835-25-5P 172835-27-7P 172835-29-9P 172835-31-3P 172835-32-4P 172835-33-5P 172835-34-6P 172835-35-7P 172835-36-8P 172835-37-9P 172835-38-0P **172835-39-1P** 172835-40-4P 172835-42-6P 172835-43-7P 172835-44-8P 172835-45-9P 172835-46-0P 172835-47-1P 172835-49-3P RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (thermoplastic resin grain for transfer layer comprising) ΑN 124:101890 CA ΤI Apparatus and method for preparation of printing plate by electrophotographic process IN Kato, Eiichi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan PΑ SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 147 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DТ Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ---------------PΙ EP 679957 A1 19951102 EP 1995-106212 19950425 EP 679957 20000315 B1 R: DE, GB JP 1994-110198 A 19940427

19961001

19960119

L35 ANSWER 25 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text

Α

A2

- TI Magnetic toner and image formation
- The title toner contains a magnetic substance and a graft copolymer prepd. by treatment of R1(SiMe2O)nSiMe2R2 (R1 = OH, NH2, CO2H, epoxy, methacryl, SH, phenol; R2 = OH, NH2, CO2H, epoxy, methacryl, SH, phenol, Me; n = 3-300) of no. av. mol. wt. (Mn) 500-20,000 with a vinyl polymer having functional. . . the step of developing electrostatic latent images formed on a latent image-holding substance by forming a thin layer of the toner on a toner-carrying substance. The toner is useful in developing process including the thin layer formation and provides high-d. images without fog in continuously repeated copying. . . and acrylic acid were copolymd. in the presence of styrene-Me methacrylate-Bu methacrylate copolymer, and the resulting polymer was treated with glycidyl-terminated di-Me siloxane I (Mn 1000) to give a graft copolymer. The graft copolymer, magnetite, salicylic acid-Cr complex, and polypropylene were kneaded, pulverized, and mixed with SiO2 to give a magnetic toner.

US 1995-426740

JP 1994-110198

JP 1995-125592

JP 1994-110198

19950421

19950427 A 19940427

A 19940427

- ST electrophotog toner magnetic graft siloxane; polyvinyl grafted siloxane electrophotog toner
- IT Magnetic substances

US 5561014

JP 08015925

- RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 - (electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl polymer-grafted siloxanes and magnetic substances)
- IT Siloxanes and Silicones, properties

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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, acrylic, graft, electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl
        polymer-grafted siloxanes and magnetic substances)
IT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (toners, electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl polymer-grafted
        siloxanes and magnetic substances)
ΙT
     26634-89-9DP, Butyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer,
     reaction products with glycidyl- or hydroxy-terminated siloxanes
     31900-57-9DP, Dimethylsilanediol homopolymer, glycidyl- or
     hydroxy-terminated, reaction products with carboxyl- or hydroxy-contg.
     polymethacrylates 65595-71-3DP, reaction products with
     qlycidyl- or hydroxy-terminated siloxanes 72356-26-4DP, reaction
     products with glycidyl- or hydroxy-terminated siloxanes
     161685-56-9DP, reaction products with carboxyl- or hydroxy-contq.
     polymethacrylates 161685-57-0DP, reaction products with carboxyl- or
     hydroxy-contg. polymethacrylates
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl polymer-grafted siloxanes
        and magnetic substances)
IT
     1309-38-2, Magnetite (fe3o4), properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl polymer-grafted siloxanes
        and magnetic substances)
     122:201216 CA
AN
TT
     Magnetic toner and image formation
     Yamane, Kenji; Akimoto, Kunio; Endo, Isao; Kitahara, Kenichi
TN
PΑ
     Konishiroku Photo Ind, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                                           ______
PΙ
     JP 06301235
                         A2
                               19941028
                                           JP 1993-84707
                                                                  19930412
                                           JP 1993-84707
                                                                  19930412
L35 ANSWER 26 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB
             copolymer of a terminal-reactive silicone oil with no. av. mol.
     wt. (Mn) 500-20,000 R1(SiMe2O)nSiMe2R2 [I; R1 = OH, NH2, CO2H, epoxy,
     methacryl, SH, phenol, these groups may link via C1-6 alkylene chains; R2
     = same as R1 (both terminal-reactive) or Me. . . styrene-Me
     methacrylate-Bu methacrylate copolymer to give a polymer having 2 mol. wt.
     peaks. A graft copolymer of I (R1 = epoxy, R2 = Me; Mn 1000) with the
     polymer, carbon black, and waxes were kneaded, pulverized, and mixed with
     SiO2 to give a toner, which was mixed with a ferrite carrier to give a
     developer.
ST
     toner silicone oil graft copolymer; vinyl polymer silicone graft
     copolymer; binder resin toner electrophotog
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg.-graft copolymer of
        silicone and vinyl compds.)
     Electrophotographic developers
        (toners, electrophotog. toner contg.-graft
        copolymer of silicone and vinyl compds.)
IT 161717-05-1P 161717-06-2P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
```

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use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg.-graft copolymer of
        silicone and vinyl compds.)
     122:201188 CA
AN
TΤ
     Toners for developing electrostatic images
    Akimoto, Kunio; Endo, Isao; Yamane, Kenji; Kitahara, Kenichi
TN
PΑ
     Konishiroku Photo Ind, Japan
so
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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     JP 06289650
                         A2
                               19941018
                                           JP 1993-75830
                                                                  19930401
                                           JP 1993-75830
                                                                  19930401
L35 ANSWER 27 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
ΤI
     EXectrophotographic toner containing glycidyl-crosslinked resin
     binder and its manufacture
AΒ
     The toner contains a coloring agent, a charge-controlling agent, and a
     binder comprising (A) a CO2H-contg. vinyl resin with no. av. mol. wt.
     1000-20,000, acid value 5.0-100, and glass transition temp. 40-75°
     and a glycidyl compd. with glycidyl content 0.05-1.0 equiv for 1 equiv
     CO2H group in the resin. The toner is manufd. by melt kneading a
     coloring agent, a charge-controlling agent, and a binder to crosslink a
     CO2H-contg. vinyl resin and a glycidyl compd. as the binder and
     crushing. The toner showed high resoln. and good durability.
ST
     electrophotog toner glycidyl crosslinked resin binder
TΤ
     Epoxy resins, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (binder; electrophotog. toner contg.
        glycidyl-crosslinked vinyl resin binder with high resoln.)
ΙT
     Electrophotographic developers
        (toners, electrophotog, toner contq.
        glycidyl-crosslinked vinyl resin binder with high resoln.)
IT 55537-10-5P 161044-15-1P 161044-16-2P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (binder; electrophotog. toner contg.
        glycidyl-crosslinked vinyl resin binder with high resoln.)
     79-06-1D, Acrylamide, epoxy resins 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid,
     epoxy resins 79-39-0D, Methacrylamide, epoxy resins
     79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, epoxy resins 107-13-1D,
     Acrylonitrile, epoxy resins 108-31-6D, Maleic anhydride,
     epoxy resins 110-16-7D, Maleic acid, epoxy resins
     110-17-8D, Fumaric acid, epoxy resins 621-82-9D, Cinnamic
     acid, epoxy resins
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. toner contg. glycidyl
        -crosslinked vinyl resin binder with high resoln.)
AN
     122:147205 CA
     Electrophotographic toner containing glycidyl-crosslinked resin
ΤI
     binder and its manufacture
IN
    Hata, Masaaki; Uchama, Kenji; Okada, Yasuo
    Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
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PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                                           _____
PΙ
    JP 06222612
                         A2
                               19940812
                                           JP 1993-8980
                                                                19930122
                                           JP 1993-8980
                                                                 19930122
L35 ANSWER 28 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Full Text
    Electrophotographic manufacture of lithographic plate
TΙ
AB
    The title manuf. comprises the steps of forming an electrophotog.
    toner image on a strippable transfer layer based on a chem. removable
    thermoplastic resin (e.g., by dissoln. with an aq. alkali soln.) and
     formed on the releasable surface of an electrophotog. photoreceptor,
    thermally transfer the toner image along with the transfer layer to a
    receptor whose surface is capable of becoming hydrophilic for lithog.
    printing, and. . . of the receptor support such as an Al support and
    save the thermoplastic resin of the transfer layer at the toner image
    area as a printing image of a lithog. plate). The invention, also suited
     for laser scanning exposure, provides durable. . .
ST
    lithog plate electrophotog manuf; electrophotog transfer layer lithog
    plate; photoreceptor electrophotog thermal transfer layer
IT
    Lithographic plates
        (electrophotog. manuf. of, using releasable photoreceptor and
       strippable transfer layer)
IT
    Fluoropolymers
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (latex, prepn. and use of, as releasable component for
       electrophotog. photoreceptor)
IT
    26936-30-1, Methyl methacrylate-3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate
     copolymer
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (binders, electrophotog. photoreceptor with overcoating layer
       contg.)
TT
    25086-15-1, Methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer 25133-97-5,
    Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
    40045-03-2, Ethyl methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-2-
    hydroxyethyl methacrylate copolymer 155247-40-8 155247-42-0
    157859-84-2
                 157859-86-4 157859-87-5 157859-88-6 157859-90-0
    157859-91-1
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (binders, electrophotog. photosensitive layer contg., for
       lithog. plate)
    94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, uses 97-90-5 110-63-4, 1,4-Butanediol, uses
IT
    124-09-4, 1,6-Hexanediamine, uses 83512-67-8, Burnock D 500
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent, electrophotog. photoconductive layer
       contg., for releasable transfer layer)
    2530-83-8
IT
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent, electrophotog. photoreceptor with
       overcoating layer from compn. contg.)
ΙT
    57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, uses 85-44-9, 1,3-Isobenzofurandione
    111-33-1 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 926-63-6, N, N-Dimethylpropylamine
    2224-15-9, Ethylenediglycidyl ether 2550-02-9, Propyltriethoxysilane
    27431-62-5
                 42055-15-2, 3-(N-Methylamino) propanol
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent, electrophotog. photosensitive layer
       contg., for lithog. plate)
TΤ
    4074-90-2
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent, releasable electrophotog.
```

photoconductive layer contg.)

TΤ

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77810-16-3
                             157860-20-3
                                            157860-21-4
                157860-16-7
                                                         157860-62-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor having strippable transfer
       layer contq.)
ΙT
    25189-12-2
                 26338-06-7, Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl acrylate
    copolymer 26589-39-9, Methacrylic acid-methyl acrylate copolymer
    26936-24-3
                 27155-22-2 32517-13-8 59213-43-3
                                                      65697-21-4
                 129636-54-0
                             140143-08-4 157859-72-8 157859-73-9
    79042-18-5
                                            157859-77-3
    157859-74-0
                 157859-75-1
                               157859-76-2
                                                          157859-78-4
    157859-79-5
                  157859-80-8
                               157859-81-9
                                             157859-82-0
                                                           157859-92-2
    157859-93-3
                  157859-94-4
                               157859-95-5
                                             157859-96-6
                                                          157859-98-8
    157859-99-9
                  157860-01-0
                               157860-02-1
                                             157860-04-3
                                                           157860-05-4
                               157860-10-1
    157860-06-5
                  157860-08-7
                                             157860-11-2
                                                           157860-12-3
    157860-14-5
                  157860-16-7
                               157860-18-9
                                             157860-23-6
                                                           157860-24-7
    157860-25-8
                  157860-26-9
                               157860-28-1
                                             157860-30-5
                                                           157860-32-7
    157860-34-9
                  157860-36-1
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                                             157860-39-4
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    157860-52-1
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                  157860-63-4
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                                             157860-67-8
    157860-60-1
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    RL: USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor having strippable transfer
       layer of)
IT
    150642-14-1P
                   155293-00-8P
                                  156658-66-1P
                                                157858-82-7P
                                                               157858-83-8P
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    157858-94-1P
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                                                157858-97-4P
                                                               157858-98-5P
                  157859-00-2P 157859-01-3P
    157858-99-6P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (latex, prepn. and use of, as releasable component for
       electrophotog. photoreceptor)
IT 157859-02-4P 157859-03-5P 157859-04-6P 157859-05-7P
    157859-06-8P
                  157859-07-9P
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    157859-17-1P 157859-18-2P
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                                                               157859-59-1P
    157859-61-5P
                   157859-62-6P 157859-64-8P
                                               157859-67-1P
                                                               157859-69-3P
    157859-71-7P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (latex, prepn. and use of, as thermoplastic resin grains for strippable
       transfer layer)
    79-41-4DP, 2-perfluoroalkylethyl ester, copolymers with 2-hydroxyethyl
    methacrylate, Et methacrylate, and glycidyl methacrylate
    123109-43-3P
                  144541-84-4P
                                150624-67-2P
                                               150624-77-4P
                                                               150625-01-7P
    150625-03-9P 150625-19-7P 150625-22-2P
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                                                               150642-24-3P
    155292-83-4P 155292-84-5P 155292-85-6P
                                                155292-86-7P
                                                               155292-87-8P
    155292-88-9P
                  155292-90-3P 155292-92-5P
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                                                               155292-94-7P
    155292-96-9P
                  155292-98-1P
                                155293-26-8P
                                                157966-19-3P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use of, as releasable component for electrophotog
        . photoreceptor, for lithog. plate)
TΤ
    97-63-2DP, Ethyl methacrylate, block copolymers with glycidyl
    methacrylate and 2-perfluoroalkylethyl methacrylate 106-91-2DP, block
    copolymers with Et methacrylate and 2-perfluoroalkylethyl methacrylate
    868-77-9DP, graft copolymers with 2-perfluoroalkylethyl methacrylate
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use of, for releasable electrophotog.
       photoreceptor surface, for lithog. plate)
ΙT
    150624-89-8
```

DATE

RL: USES (Uses) (star-block, as releasable component for electrophotog. photoreceptor, for lithog. plate) 121:191363 CA AN Electrophotographic manufacture of lithographic plate ΤI Kato, Eiichi; Ohsawa, Sadao; Kasai, Seishi IN Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan PA SO PCT Int. Appl., 259 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

		11112	D11111	midication no.		DAIL
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	DE 4390508	T	19940113	DE 1993-4390508		19930212
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				JP 1992-161650	A	19920529
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				JP 1992-194712	Α	19920630
				JP 1992-201811	Α	19920707
				US 1993-133087	В1	19931007

- L35 ANSWER 29 OF 44 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Full Text
- TI Color electrophotographic copying method
- AB In the title method using an app. having an electrophotog.

 photoreceptor, a means to form ≥1 color toner images on a

 transfer layer of the photoreceptor by electrophotog., and a means to

 heat-transfer the images together with the transfer layer onto an image
 receptor sheet, the peelable transfer.
- ST electrophotog color copier photoreceptor
- IT **Electrophotographic** photoconductors and photoreceptors (peelable transfer layer for, contg. silicon and/or fluorine-contg. polymer)
- IT Polycarbonates, uses
 Polyethers, uses
 Rubber, butadiene-styrene, uses

```
RL: USES (Uses)
        (peelable transfer layer from, for electrophotog.
        photoreceptor)
TT
     Vinyl acetal polymers
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (butyrals, peelable transfer layer from, for electrophotog.
        photoreceptor)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, electrophotog. photoreceptor surface layer contg.)
ΙT
     25609-89-6, Vinyl acetate-crotonic acid copolymer
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cellidor BSP-contg., transfer layer for electrophotog.
        photoreceptor contq.)
IT
     9003-09-2, Polyvinylmethylether 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate
                                                                     9003-55-8
     9004-48-2, Cellidor CP 9011-87-4, Methyl methacrylate-methyl acrylate
     copolymer 9015-12-7, Cellidor BSP 24937-78-8, Ethylene-vinylacetate
     copolymer
                25068-26-2, Poly(4-methyl-1-pentene) 25213-29-0,
     Styrene-vinylacetate copolymer 25609-74-9, Poly propylmethacrylate
     27043-73-8 27055-32-9, 1,10-Decanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer
     27516-89-8, 1,6-Hexanediol-succinic acid copolymer 59199-92-7
     66837-11-4, Poly(pentamethylene carbonate) 105726-59-8.
     1,10-Decanediol-isophthalic acid copolymer
                                                156658-58-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peelable transfer layer from, for electrophotog.
        photoreceptor)
IT
     79-41-4DP, Methacrylic acid, ester, fluoroalkyl, polymer with
     methylacrylate and glycidyl methacrylate 80-62-6DP,
     Methylmethacrylate, polymer with fluoroalkyl methacrylate and
     glycidyl methacrylate 106-91-2DP, Glycidyl
     methacrylate, polymer with fluoroalkyl methacrylate and methylmethacrylate
     144541-84-4P
                  150625-01-7P 150625-03-9P 150625-22-2P
                                                                150642-22-1P
     150642-24-3P 155292-92-5P
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                                                                155292~96-9P
     155292-98-1P 155293-26-8P 156658-62-7P 156658-63-8P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, electrophotog. photoreceptor contg.)
    80-62-6DP, Methylmethacrylate, polymer with siloxanes 150624-67-2P
                  155292-83-4P 155292-84-5P 155292-85-6P 155292-86-7P
     150624-77-4P
                  155292-88-9P 155292-90-3P
     155292-87-8P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, electrophotog. photoreceptor surface contg.)
    2274-11-5D, Ethylene glycol diacrylate, graft copolymer with siloxane and
     ethylene glycol diacrylate 150642-12-9D, graft copolymer with siloxane
     and ethylene glycol diacrylate 150642-14-1 150773-23-2
     150773-24-3 150773-26-5 150773-28-7
     150773-31-2 150773-32-3 150773-37-8
    151038-20-9
                 151038-21-0 151078-64-7 151115-20-7
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    156885-26-6 156885-27-7 156919-89-0 156919-90-3
    157047-74-0
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (resent particles from, for transfer layer for electrophotog.
       photoreceptor)
    9003-55-8
ΙT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (rubber, peelable transfer layer from, for electrophotog.
       photoreceptor)
AN
    121:121637 CA
ΤI
    Color electrophotographic copying method
IN
    Kato, Eiichi; Oosawa, Sadao
PA
    Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 57 pp.
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LA	CODEN: JKXXAF Patent Japanese CNT 2					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
ΡI	JP 05181325	A2	19930723			19911227
	DE 4294542	T	19941201	DE 1992-4294542		19921225
				JP 1991-358228	Α	19911227
				JP 1991-358232		19911227
				WO 1992-JP1715	W	19921225
	US 6004716	A	19991221	US 1994-256185		19940627
				JP 1991-358228	Α	19911227
				JP 1991-358232	Α	19911227
				WO 1992-JP1715	W	19921225
PATE	NT FAMILY INFORMATION)N:				
FAN	120:334854					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
ΡI		A2		JP 1991-358228		19911227
	JP 3180967	B2	20010703			
	DE 4294542	T.	19941201			
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